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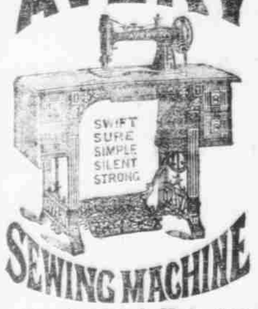

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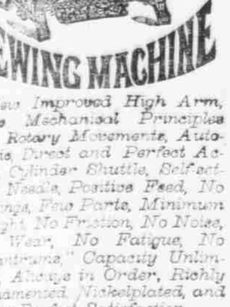

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A CHILD OF THE STREETS.

CHAPTER VI.

In the billiard-room of the Vagabond Club, Covent Garden, sat a dozen or so of idlers, smoking and gossiping, one bright May afternoon. They had wondered over the latest marriage in high life, laughed at the newest *bon mot*, discussed the day's news from Zulu-land, whispered the choicest social scandal, and prophesied respecting the weather.

Suddenly the door opened, and a man entered, dressed in a brown velvet coat. All present looked up as he sauntered in.

"Well, old man, you are quite the stranger here. What's the little game now? Some fair one in the question, I bet, since you keep it so dark. What a chap you are! Now, confess where you have been hiding yourself."

"Hiding myself? Well, I don't know what you mean by that? Haven't I been visible on the boards every night since May set in?" replied the new comer.

"That's true enough; I spent half-a-guinea on you last night, I thought I'd like to hear 'the great Gabriel' for myself. You don't do it badly. You were in very good singing form in 'Faust,' old fellow," said Wentworth Arkwright.

"Ye-e-s, my voice is pretty fit just now," was Gabriel's quiet answer, as he complacently smoothed his throat with one of his hands that was ablaze with large rings set with rare stones.

"Well, what's the news, Signor Singer, eh?" asked Ribald Drake, the sculptor.

"News? Well, first of all the Leopardi has caught the German measles."

"No!" was the general exclamation.—"Never! What, a *prima donna* succumb to such a prosaic complaint? I say, that's a bad look out for the company. Tell you what, there'll have to be a 'round robin' got up and sent to Fleur de Marie, or, begging her pardon, Lady Newen, as she is now, imploring her to take pity on the public and give us her *Marguerite, Violetta*, and *Elsie*, and all her inimitable *repertoire* just to give the fair Lorita time to get rid of the spots and infection, and get out of quarantine. Oh, 'pon my soul, it's a good joke to think of *Norma* sick with measles!"

"Don't see the joke," remarked Arkwright, "but what's that you said of the Fleur de Marie? She's out of England, I thought."

"My child, you shock me with your lamentable ignorance. Evidently you don't read the newspapers, or you would have seen the announcement that Sir Cuthbert and Lady Newen had arrived at their house in Bedford square for the season. I bet it's no news to someone, eh, Gabriel?"

"Well, I certainly had heard of their return to England," replied Gabriel, deprecatingly, which was a strange statement, considering that a few hours before he had told a casual acquaintance that the Newens were fixtures in Hyderabad for another five years at least.

"I say, Gabriel," said a young man, crossing the room to where the singer was standing. "I want you to do me a favor. You know the Newens, don't you? I mean intimately, well enough to introduce a fellow, eh?"

"Well, yes, I suppose I do. You see little Mysie and I are old friends, as she said in her last letter."

"Which, perhaps, you might find it difficult to produce," sneered a voice behind him.

Gabriel turned hastily, and saw Andrew Brevet at his elbow, his face white with passion and his hands twitching nervously. Gabriel looked at him insolently with cool effrontery.

"Oh, you may stare, Signor Gabriel, but remember, I know you, what you are and what you were; and I also know, equally well the lady of whom you speak so lightly. Gentlemen, I feel confident that there is not one word of truth in the statements he has made. I am certain that he could not show you one line of a letter of the familiar nature he would wish you to imagine, written by Lady Newen to him since her marriage. I know that at the time she left England she cast him aside completely, as unworthy of her friendship, having entirely forfeited her esteem. Is it likely, men, that happily married as she is to such a man as Sir Cuthbert Newen, she would carry on a regular and confidential correspondence with one who had deceived and insulted her in every way possible to a cad and a coward."

Andrew Brevet paused at last, breathless with anger and indignation.

Gabriel's lips quivered with ill-concealed passion as he turned to the professor.

"Sir, Brevet, if you were not an old man——"

"You would knock me down, sir! Do, if that will afford you any satisfaction. I have had my say, and unmasked a lying hoaxter, and——"

"Mr. Brevet," broke in Gabriel, hoarse and pale with fury, and coming closer to him.

"Yes, I mean a lying hoaxter, and I repeat it. You may strike me, if you choose. To knock down a defenceless, white-headed man would be consistent with the rest of your cowardly conduct. If you have been in correspondence with Lady Newen, as you boast, all I say is—prove it. I do not believe you have received one letter from Lady Newen since her marriage, and I think that unless you can prove your words, no one in this room will place any faith in them; eh, gentlemen?"

"That's fair enough," said one.

"Come, come; prove it, Gabriel; that's easily done," chimed in another.

"Produce the letter from dear little Mysie," sneered a third, and so on; and a chorus of banter and chaff followed which so exasperated Gabriel that he felt like Nero, who wished that all the Romans had one neck that he might wring it.

"I refuse to produce the proof in the form of the said letters, which are not of a nature to be passed from hand to hand, and criticised by strangers. I feel it would be a most glaring breach of confidence on my part towards the writer. I have received those letters, that is enough."

"Oh, oh, oh!" was heard in all the tones and inflections throughout the room.

Andrew Brevet took up his hat and walked out in disgust, slamming the door after him.

"And if you desire it, I will prove to you how great is my influence, and of what nature the friendship is which I share with Lady Newen, in a way far more undeniable than even by the letters," continued Gabriel haughtily.

"How?" "Show your cards!" "It's easy to talk." "Where are the proofs?" Such remarks ran through the room.

"On the evening of the 15th inst., that is, next Saturday week, I believe that you, Ribald Drake, purpose giving a *petite souper* for the entertainment of the ladies belonging to Brunetti's company. Well, according to the cards of invitation, one of which I received, I am at liberty to bring a friend with me. What will you say if I escort Lady Newen herself?"

"You can't do it. You'll never compass it. I'll lay you a hundred even you don't bring her," exclaimed Archie Freeland, excitedly thumping the table with his fist.

"Done," said Gabriel, making a note of the bet in his pocket-book. "You are witnesses, gentlemen. Till we meet again at Drake's supper table, *au revoir, messieurs*," and with these words the singer strode to the door, and left his friends to discuss his affairs, and calculate his chances of success.

* * * * * *

Lady Newen sat in her boudoir in Bedford-square alone. It was a charming little room, essentially feminine, a delicious nest of old lace, blue china, and velvet, with Venetian looking-glasses, and Dresden figures, and pretty porcelain brackets fixed up against the canary-tinted walls. Lady Newen sank down on the softest of yielding divans, and took up a letter which lay open on the table near at hand. It was from her husband in Paris, where he had been delayed, as he wrote, on diplomatic business much beyond the time he had first expected. It was a loving note, bidding his wife take care of her dear self for his sake, and to keep the warmest of welcomes for her truant on his return. "I shall probably not be home for another week, but shall be able to say for certain to-morrow. I think, however, perhaps I had better advise you to expect me when you see me, so you will not be disappointed."

Lady Newen missed her husband's pleasant society. She had grown to feel a very decided love for him during the two years in Calcutta following her marriage, and she did not like his being away. Perhaps she had fallen into a semi-slumber over her visions of the past, and her castle-building, at any rate, she started to her feet as a loud double-knock sounded through the quiet house.

She mechanically smoothed her ruffled yellow hair (which is a sort of instinct with women, from the dairymaid to the duchess), and a bright light shone in her soft blue eyes.

"Perhaps it is Cuthbert—it must be! No one else could come at this hour. Oh, I am glad he has returned. Yes, here he is;" and Mysie ran to the door and opened it.

On the threshold stood the butler, and behind him, in the shadow, Gabriel Cole.

Lady Newen drew back for a moment into the room, while the pale color deepened to crimson in her cheeks. Then addressing the butler, she said:

"Morris, this is not a usual hour to admit callers." Then turning to Gabriel: "Mr. Cole, I am sorry I cannot see you this evening. I trust your business is not of such a pressing nature but that it can wait till to-morrow. I never am at home to any one, except my husband, after six," and she moved away.

The servant went down stairs.

"Pardon me for my intrusion, Lady Newen," was Gabriel's formal reply; "but the business which brings me here to-night is of a most urgent nature, as you will allow when I acquaint you with it. I must speak with you. It is a matter of life and death," and he opened his big black eyes, and looked very ominous and tragic.

"Come in, then," she replied, a little impatiently. "I am listening. Be seated."

And she preceded him into the boudoir, and stood on the rug by the fire, awaiting his news, while she carelessly warmed her hands and turned her rings round on her white fingers.

"I come, as I say, bound on an errand most urgent. I come from a dying woman, to beg you to follow me to her bedside, and since her hours are numbered, she wishes to make her peace with God and man. She feels she needs your forgiveness before her soul can find rest.—She has sent me to you, begging you to go to her while yet there is time."

"What do you mean? Who is this dying woman who wishes to see me?" asked Mysie, turning a startled face from contemplating the fire.

"Lorita Leopardi. Can you refuse the last petition of one who even now may be passing beyond the reach of your forgiveness? Even now she may——"

"Stay; I will not refuse. I will follow you instantly. Wait for me."

And lifting the *portiere*, she glided into an adjoining room.

When she returned, her face and form were hidden by a long, black, fur-lined cloak, with hood drawn down over the head.

Mysie's cheeks were very pale, and her eyes shone with excitement.

"I am ready to follow you. Do not let us delay longer, or we may be too late."

For a moment Gabriel hesitated—the part he was about to play seemed so utterly contemptible. But the horrible alternative of losing the wager, and becoming the laughing-stock of London, soon settled the point. He held open the door, and Mysie swept down the staircase.

Gabriel opened the front door, and the two walked quickly across the square, and down a side-street, till they came to the cab-stand.

It was a silent drive. Mysie's heart beat fast with great anxiety lest she might even now arrive too late. Gabriel, for once, was feeling really nervous as to the issue of this adventure.

Suddenly the hansom came to a standstill. Gabriel threw back the doors with much noise, and, perhaps, a little bravado, held out his hand to Mysie, dismissed the cab, and then offered his arm to his companion.

There were bright lights in an upper window and the gayest sounds of revelry.

She followed Gabriel up a short winding staircase, dimly lighted. As they ascended the steps the noise grew louder. Loud laughter, clinking of glasses, bass voices chiming in with a scrap of a song's refrain, and a babel of women's chatter and men's applause.

They crossed a short passage, dark as night, and with a heart that, figuratively, sank into his boots, Gabriel threw open a door and almost dragged Mysie into the room. But she retreated at once on to the threshold, where she stood, with her hood fallen back on to her shoulders and her cheeks aflame. She turned and fixed her eyes searchingly on Gabriel, who could not meet her gaze. Suddenly she seemed to grasp the situation.

A silence had fallen on the supper party. The glasses no longer passed from hand to hand; the laugh and the song were hushed. All eyes were turned on the figure in the doorway, in the fur-lined cashmere cloak and the shining, pale gold hair.

"There is either a strange mistake or a wilful deception here. I ask you, Signor Gabriel, to explain it to me, for I am unwilling to believe you could act such a cowardly, contemptible part as to bring me here under false pretenses."

Gabriel shifted his position uneasily from one leg to another, and did not reply. He felt what a very foolish figure he made—like a clown by the side of a seraph. Finally, plucking up his innate impudence, he threw back his head, and offering his arm to Lady Newen, said gaily:

"Come, Mysie; why take matters so seriously? Own that I acted the little fraud very cleverly—completely took you in, eh? Well, come, don't bear malice. I'll be candid and tell you. I was rather short of coin, and in order to raise the wind, as the saying is, I accepted a wager to bring you here."

"Do you mean to say you have dared to make me the subject of a wager? You have won it in a worthy way, truly. I tell you all here, that this—I cannot call him a man—came to my house, pleading his excuse for the lateness of the hour on account of the urgency of his errand. He told me he came from the death-bed of a dying woman, who wanted my forgiveness before her soul could find rest, and I, believing his words, followed him, and here I am. I have no more to say, but good-night. Signor Gabriel, you are a liar and a coward! Good-night."

"Stay, Lady Newen, allow me to be your escort home. The hour is late, you must not go alone."

Mysie turned and saw George Curzon.

"Pardon my presence here, and, believe me, I knew nothing of this wager that Cole had made. Had I done so, I should have warned you long ago of his intentions, and thus set you on your guard against him."

She looked at his earnest face and could not doubt his truth. She held out her hand.

"I do believe you, Captain Curzon, and I will accept your escort home;" and without another word she took his arm, and the door closed behind them.

There was silence during the drive home.

"If you please, my lady," said the butler, as the three stood in the hall in Bedford square, "Sir Cuthbert arrived suddenly after you left, and enquired for you. I told him you had gone out with Signor Gabriel, and I did not know when you would be back, and he gave me this note for you, my lady."

"Is he not at home, then? When will he return?"

"I do not know, my lady. I do not think he will return to-night."

"Give me the note. Thank you. You can close the house now, Morris. Good-night, Captain Curzon, and I shall not forget the service you have rendered me to-night."

Don't say a word about it. I could not do less, Lady Newen. Good-night."

Mysie went up to her own room and shut the door; then she opened the folded note.

"I imagined from the tone of your letters to me lately that you felt lonely and missed my society. I returned at as early a date as possible to please and surprise you, neglecting most urgent business for your sake. I arrived home at 10:30, and I find from Morris that you had just left the house with Gabriel, without saying when you should return. I shall leave for Paris by the morning train to Dover. You know my address. If you have any excuse or explanation to make for your strange conduct you can write.

"CUTHBERT NEWEN."

The letter fell into Mysie's lap.

"That man seems to pursue me like fate, and always comes between me and happiness."

* * * * * *

George Curzon returned to the supper-table in Jermyn-street. The "moths" had forgotten the tiresome little *contretemps*, complimented Gabriel on his assurance, and laughed and sang as shrilly as before Lady Newen had appeared. When the tumult was at its loudest, and the kissing-cup was being passed with much merriment from lip to lip, the door suddenly opened and George Curzon entered. He was greeted with many sallies and much gay banter.

"Ah," sneered Gabriel, rising to his feet, "here comes the *preux chevalier des dames*, the champion of deceived matrons. It must be a very long way to Bedford-square, judging by the hour. However, we must not grudge him a midnight *tete-a-tete* with the loveliest lady in London."

There was a chorus of laughter, in which Gabriel joined, but his laugh soon changed into a groan as he staggered backwards, blinded by a blow from Curzon's fist, administered between the eyes.

Gabriel rushed at his opponent, and received a second blow in his mouth, which brought the blood and cut his lip open.

Then Curzon left the room, and walked downstairs.

Gabriel, maddened by drink and passion, followed him.

"Don't think you'll have it all on your side, you cursed coward," he hissed as they stood in the doorway.

"What, haven't you had enough? There, then, take that," and Curzon dealt him a smashing blow just under the jaw close by the right ear.

Gabriel fell backwards heavily.

Freeland and Drake now came upon the scene.

"I say, old man, that was a nasty one," said Freeland. "I believe you've done for him. A crowd will be gathering directly if we don't look sharp. Here, give us a hand. We'll carry him in. You run for a doctor, Drake. He don't seem to be coming to, somehow."

They carried him up into the supper-room he had just left, and laid him on the sofa.

The white, death like face, with its ghastly pallor and the cruel gash across the lip, seemed such a mockery of life lying in the midst of the feast under the glaring gaslights.

* * * * * *

Sir Cuthbert Newen was sitting over his breakfast in a very sullen mood at the Hotel de Louvre, Paris, when his letters were brought to him.

He glanced at the address on each. One was from his wife.

He read it with brightening face, from which a dark cloud had been cleared away, just as sunlight disperses the mist.

"Pack up my things to-day, Cross," he said to his valet. "We leave Paris by the night train."

So he came back to his home and Mysie, and their first and last little misunderstanding was all made straight, and the husband and wife talked it over, and came to the conclusion that "telling out with those we love is not so painful when it comes to kissing again with tears."

* * * * * *

"Oh, dear, I am very, very sorry! Poor, reckless Gabriel! And do you really mean that he never will sing again? I am grieved, all the more so because I feel, and always have felt that in his love for his art lay the poor fellow's only chance for redemption. Now he will just sink back into the streets which were once his home. Poor Gabriel! He always was a vagabond at heart. Oh, his beautiful voice! What a pity! There is no tenor like it in Europe."

So Mysie Newen mourned for her old comrade's fall from fame's high pedestal, and in the sorrow for his great punishment, forgot and forgave completely the insult he had offered her.

And Lorita? She recovered from her short illness, and returned to the stage, to fall in love with the next new tenor, Egberto.

Gabriel Cole was soon forgotten. When his money was gone, and his voice was lost, he found that his boon companions gave him the cold shoulder.

Gabriel, with all his faults, had been lavish enough with his gold while it lasted. There were those, both men and women, to whom he had lent large sums of money at different times, when they had come to him pleading themselves "so awfully short, don't you know."

Then came the day when he, too, in his turn was very "hard up," and he went without hesitation to these friends and asked them to help him, and they shrugged their aristocratic shoulders, and showed him the linings of their pockets.

"What a fool I have been," he cried. "I might have been rich and famous, and the husband of the loveliest woman in London, and now I must be, what I was before,

"A CHILD OF THE STREETS!"

THE END.

The Too Smart Judge.

A good story, told at the expense of a well-known ex judge, is going the rounds of the lawyers' offices, and it is heartily appreciated by those who best know the irascible but good-hearted disposition of the old gentleman. It was an admiralty case, where he is most at home. The deposition of a sailor, who was soon to die had to be taken at his bedside in Brooklyn. "How long," the ex-judge snapped out as the first question on cross-examination, "do you think it was after the vessel left the wharf before the collision occurred?"

Th sailor was himself something of a character, and not so near death but that he appreciated the vital importance of "getting back on" a cross examining lawyer. "Waal," he drawled out, "'bout ten minutes, I s'd judge."

"Ten minutes! Ten minutes!" exclaimed the lawyer, jumping up. "Man, how long do you think ten minutes to be?"

"Jest 'bout ten minutes," was the unruffled reply.

"How do you generally measure ten minutes?" persisted the lawyer.

The old sailor turned slowly in his bed and eyed his questioner. Then he turned back again and said indifferently: "Waal, sometimes wid a watch and sometimes wid a clank."

This made the lawyer a little mad. He jerked his watch from his pocket and said in a querulous, high-pitched voice: "Oh, you do, do you? Well, I'll tell you when to begin—and you tell me when ten minutes are."

The sailor coolly winked at the lawyer on the other side, and he took in the situation in an instant and made no objection. The ex-judge stood with his back to a mantel on which a little clock was quietly indicating the time to the sailor, who lay facing it.

"Aye, aye," the sailor said, and remained silent.

After three minutes had passed the ex-judge became impatient and exclaimed: "See here, are you going to keep us here all day?" But the sailor made no answer. As five and six and seven minutes went by the lawyer became almost wild in his assumed anger at the man for keeping them so long beyond the time. But not until the hand of the clock was on the exact notch of ten minutes did the sailor speak. Then he said carelessly: "Guess the time mus' be 'bout up."

The judge put up his watch and sank back in his chair. "Well," he said, "of all men, dying or alive, that I ever saw, you can measure time the best."

It is said that the ex-judge does not even yet know what made the other lawyers double themselves over with laughter as they did at that last remark of his.—*New York Tribune.*

Just Like Ordinary Men.

"I was amused yesterday by the story of a policeman who was sent to the opera one night last week, and who stood for a time in the corridor near two famous millionaires.

"When I seen them two faces," he said, with rather an awe-stricken face, "which the same havin' been made familiar to me by the illustrated papers for years back, my knees nearly shook themselves out of joint. You can't tell me anything about some men not bein' greater than other men. Like my cousin, who suddenly found himself within three feet of the Prince of Wales, durin' his visit to Dublin about a year ago. The Prince looked at him careless-like, and me cousin turned pale. Then the Prince smiled very quiet and pleasant, and I'm blessed if me cousin didn't fall down seven stone steps and bust his right kneepan. There must be something wrong with the kneepans of my family anyhow. When them two millionaires stopped in front of me at the operay the other night I looked at their two faces, and I felt the front part of my knees jogging around like the tin ventilators in the station-house windows. I says to myself, 'Here's hundreds of millions within two foot of my nose, an' I can't win a nickel of it.' The two millionaires stopped and one of them says careless-like, 'Dump night.' The other looked kinder tired, an' then he said he knew the storm was comin' on a week back, because he always had a peculiar feelin' in his bones a few days afore a storm began. The other one gapped a little, and said: 'It must be pretty valuable to be able to foretell the weather that way.' Which the other returned the remark that it would be a good deal more valuable to foretell the stock market. 'An both of them laughed jist as easy and natural-like,' continued the policeman, with impressive earnestness, as he waved his hand gently, 'as though they were ordinary men. Everybody wot passed stopped and looked back at them, and one of them turned and half looked at me in the most friendly way you kin imagine, just as much as to say, though I wasn't nothin' but an every day copper, I was just as welcome to their little joke as though I had two hundred and fifty-five millions.—[San Francisco Argonaut.

IMAGINATION OR RABIES?

NYM CRINKLE RECALLS SOME CURIOUS EFFECTS OF DOG BITES.

How He Overcame His Own Fears and Saved a Valuable Beast—The Death of the Gifted Ada Clare Caused by Fear—Doctors in the Dark.

Hydrophobia is one of the most terrible, the most mysterious and the rarest of diseases that afflict humanity. Not one doctor in a hundred ever saw a well-authenticated case of it.

I am at this moment writing this article with a hand lacerated by the bite of a strange dog. I encountered him one Sunday morning two weeks ago in front of my residence. I am a lover of dogs. This was a brindled bull terrier held by a chain. I patted him on the head. He wagged his tail, jumped up affectionately upon me. I slapped him playfully on his side and in an instant he fastened his fangs in my right hand. One of them struck an artery and cut it. I bought the dog. It cost me $15. I domiciled him. For forty-eight hours I had one of those subjective struggles which teach a man how absolutely he is at the mercy of his imagination. I went up to Dr. Hamilton. He looked at my hand, and asked at once, "Where is the dog?" "I've got him," I replied. "Is he all right?" "Sound as a dollar." "Then don't give the thing another thought. If I cauterize the wound you are liable to have a secondary hemorrhage, and then you will be disabled for a fortnight." "That was all the medical treatment I received. But I found myself that night dwelling upon the incident. All the dread possibilities were rehearsed. My fancy exaggerated my knowledge and my feelings. I felt pricking and burning sensations run up my arm. I fell into an uneasy doze. I heard the snarl and saw the gleam of fangs in the phantasmagoria of a nervous sleep.

I woke up in the morning unrefreshed and with a dull consciousness that something was impending. After a bath and a walk in the sun my resisting power began to assert itself. I saw that at this rate I would evolute out of nothing all the symptoms of rabies.

I sincerely believe at this moment that I could have brought on the symptoms of tetanus if I had only placed myself under my own imagination. If that dog had shown any symptoms of sickness I should have been a case for Pasteur. But he proved to be as straight as a trivet. I made friends with him. I found that he had a broken rib. I must have struck that when I slapped him on the side.

Now consider a moment. If I had killed that dog when he bit me, as it was very easy to do, all the science, all the intelligence and all the reason of the world could not have saved me from my own fears. And that is the result with almost every case of dog bite. The first step on the part of stupidity is to kill the dog. Then he is declared to be mad, and then sets in the chain of subjective and fanciful results. Science and common experience agree that unless the dog has rabies there is no danger of the victim of his bite having hydrophobia. Well, my own experience tells me that one dog in about five thousand that are killed as mad really has rabies. Dog men are bitten every day. Your ordinary dogfighter is covered with scars. There isn't a sportsman who hasn't had the mark of a tooth on him.

The dog is subject to epilepsy and nervous attacks that are common enough. But if a poor animal should get a fit in the streets of New York the cry of mad dog is his doom—and the doom of everybody he bites. Could he be saved from the ignorant malice of the mob, something might be determined. We should at least know if imagination can bring on the symptoms in the man while the dog is healthy.

Everybody remembers the gifted Ada Clare, who was bitten in the face by a pet dog. She died in the most horrible paroxysms of hydrophobia. I saw her just before she died. She was a woman of mental accomplishments and a strong, imaginative temperment. Science stood helpless at her bedside, unable to save her, and powerless to assuage her agonies with the most powerful drug know to the pharmacopeia.

Mr. Butler, I think it was, in Hurling slip, who obtained the dog. At all events, a month after Ada Clare's death I received a note from a well-known dog fancier to come and see the dog. The animal at that time appeared to be in perfect health. I have always believed that Ada Clare was the victim of her own imagination.

Per contra, I saw a case of undoubted hydrophobia in Wisconsin that was diagnosed as tetanus. It was that of a child six years old that was bitten by a Spitz dog, that died two hours after in a rabid paroxysm. The parents were ignorant Germans, knew nothing of hydrophobia whatever, and the wound was a mere pin-prick in the thumb.

But a month later the child was taken sick, and died, as I say, with all the symptoms of hydrophobia. The French doctors, with characteristic French vivacity, have put afloat more theories of hydrophobia than all the rest of the world. Their speculations have not, it is true, verified anything, but they have stimulated inquiry. Some years ago they shut up forty dogs and left them without water until they died, in order to see if the deprivation would induce rabies, but it didn't. They they tried an enforced continence, and here they got a little light, for several of the dogs developed incipient epilepsy.

The theory was then propounded that hydrophobia was a sexual disease, found only in the male dog, and was due to enforced continence. M. Pasteur does not take any stock in this theory. He has pursued his investigations on the line of germinant or zymotic inoculation, and not on the line of energetic fecundation.

But even Pasteur does not claim that the bite of a dog that is not rabid ought to cause hydrophobia, and his first question when a case of dog bite is brought to him is: "Where is the dog?"

The answer to that question always is: "Oh, killed, of course." Pasteur and all the rest of them are groping in the dark after that.

It sounds somewhat absurd to say that the life of a dog that is supposed to be mad ought to be saved. But when the case is understood the absurdity vanishes. In the first place the rabid dog does not start out as the popular fear paints him upon an indiscriminate biting career. The dog, whether mad or healthy, bites and snaps only when irritated. It is the hunted dog that bites at everything, and the assumption that he is mad sets the crowd upon him. Then, wrought up to a pitch of frenzy, he bites and tears all within his reach. It is possible to produce this kind of hydrophobia in any highly organized dog.—[New York World.

A Journalistic Joke.

The Sod House is the name of a paper published at Cimerron, Kan., and Chicago has a new paper called The Hog. It would be just like some mean rival to start a paper called The Pen, and then brag that The Pen is mightier than The Hog. And then it would be just like them both to consolidate under the name of The Hog-Pen.

THE WISDOM OF THE BEAVER.

It is Shown in a Conflict with a Hungry Liver-Gray Wolf.

While hunting in the Wind River Mountain the Chicago Tribune correspondent witnessed an encounter between a silver-gray wolf and a beaver. On the log that formed the basis of the beaver dam there crouched an immense silver-gray wolf. He was intently watching the surface of the water. Soon there came a long ripple from one of the banks, steadily approaching the log. A beaver was on his way to the top of the dam. Instantly the wolf crouched still lower, while his eyes never moved from the ripple. He wanted beaver meat for breakfast. The water broke close to the edge of the log, and the broad head of the beaver appeared. There was a savage spring, a loud plash, and both the wolf and beaver disappeared beneath the water.

In a few seconds the wolf emerged alone, clambered back on the log, and disconsolately pawed several bunches of fur from beneath his glistening fangs. The beaver had escaped. But the wolf was not discouraged. In a moment or two he moved further along the log and took up another position of observation. The point he now occupied was at the junction of a huge limb with the parent stem. This limb made a semi-circular sweep of twenty-five or thirty feet, its extreme end resting on the bank. The water space thus enclosed was not as deep as the rest of the pond, and near the shore was quite shallow. All at once the wolf pricked up his ears, and there could be seen the ripple that announced the presence of a beaver. Soon a black object appeared above the water near the shore. It was the nose of a beaver. Slowly the wolf crept along the limb. His movements were noiseless.

The water was so shallow that the beaver, once in his enemy's clutches, could not possibly escape. The spring was made and the beaver was caught. But what was this? From every side arose black forms and white teeth, and the wolf was the centre of a savage ambuscade. He fought desperately, but from the first his case was hopeless. The beavers swarmed to the attack until fully fifty were there. The marauder was literally torn in pieces and the water covered with fragments of hair and hide.

Visiting the President.

The President has

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.,

FRIDAY, - - FEBRUARY 5, 1886.

THE oldest lawyers of the Louisville bar express the opinion that Asher Caruth, the Commonwealth's Attorney, in this State called the District Attorney, is a greater orator than Henry Clay or Tom Marshall, and that he makes the most brilliant speechest hat were ever delivered in Kentucky.

ON Tuesday last the lower branch of Congress passed the bill increasing the pensions of soldiers' widows from eight to twelve dollars per month, with an amendment providing that the act shall apply only to widows who were married to deceased soldiers prior to its passage, and to those who may hereafter marry, prior to or during the service of the soldier. The vote on the passage of the bill was, yeas, 193; nays, 66.

AMONG the passengers who arrived at New York by steamer on Sunday last was Patrick Walsh, whose brother was tried and executed in Galway for the murder of Sergeant Cavanagh, of the Irish constabulary.. Patrick was tried for complicity in the offence and sentenced to penal servitude. After five years' imprisonment the Government authorities discovered that he was innocent, and he was released.

IN his late report to the Department of State at Washington, the American Consul at Brussels states that the farms in Belgium, which is the most thickly populated country to the square mile in Europe, on an average consist of only seven acres, and that on six acres a Belgian farmer will raise his family with ease and comfort. Every foot of ground is made to produce something to sell, and not every daughter has a piano or organ, and not all the sons have fancy buggies and fast driving horses.

"THE scarcity of great men in Pennsylvania," says the Philadelphia *Record*, "is to be explained by Professor Albert S. Bolles, of the University of Pennsylvania, in a lecture." Professor Bolles has made an evident mistake in selecting the subject of his lecture, and for that reason don't seeem to know anything about the men of Pennsylvania. There is no "scarcity of great men" in this grand old Commonwealth. On the contrary, they swarm like bees in the Professor's own city and are wonderfully plentiful in all the rural districts.

THE Florida *Medical and Surgical Journal* relates that when Dr. Bowling, a pioneer medical man in the South, began practice he settled in the wilds of Kentucky, where he sat in front of his cabin for six months without a call. At last he heard the clatter of hoofs, and a lank, bare-footed Kentuckian appeared. "Are you a doctor?" "Yes, and a good one." "What's the matter with that 'ar foot?" the man inquired, placing his heel on the fence. "That, sir, is erysipelas." "Ery-hell," said the man, "a bee stung me." The Doctor moved to Nashville,

MRS. BAYARD, wife of Hon. Thomas F. Bayard, Secretary of State, died in Washington, on last Sunday morning. Mrs. Bayard's health had been quite delicate for some years, and the immediate cause of her death was congestion of the brain, brought on by the shock of her daughter's sudden death two weeks ago. She was about 51 years of age and a native of Baltimore. Her remains were taken to Wilmington, where the funeral took place on Tuesday. In his double affliction, the one treading so closely on the heels of the other, Mr. Bayard will have the sincere and heartfelt sympathy of the whole country.

LORD SALISBURY, the Tory Prime Minister of England, who succeeded Mr. Gladstone about six months ago, was defeated on a test question in the House of Commons on Tuesday of last week, and on Thursday waited on the Queen at Osborne, and handed her the resignations of himself and those of his Cabinet Ministers. A messenger from the Queen visited Mr. Gladstone in London on Saturday, and that gentleman proceeded to Osborne, kissed the Queen's hand, and accepted her invitation to form a new Ministy. Both houses of Parliament met on Monday and adjourned until yesterday, pending the formation of a new Cabinet. Mr. Gladstone is now confronted with the most trying and difficult duty that has ever devolved upon him during his long, eventful and distinguished public career. His best friends hope that he may prove equal to the great occasion. One thing is certain, and that is that he will make a giant effort to do so. Ireland and her friends throughout the civilized world are looking at the "Grand Old Man" with feelings of quickened faith and renewed hope.

A MEMBER of the Connecticut Legislature by the name of Pigott has astonished his fellow members by introducing a bill into that body making the acceptance of a railroad pass by any State official subject to a penalty of five hundred dollars. If the Connecticut Legislature passes this bill it will show that it is composed of very different material from that wich assembles every two years at Harrisburg. The New Constitution of this State in express terms prohibits any railroad company from granting free passes or passes at a discount "to any person excest officers or employes of the Company." The practice, however, of issuing free passes to the members of the Legislature still prevails, and they are used by them during the session to roam all over the State, and especially to visit Philadelphia "to see the elephant," when they ought to be at Harrisburg attending to the business for which they were elected. Attempts have been made at several sessions of the Legislature to stop the business by penal legislation similar to the Connecticut bill, but they have uniformily been laughed at and defeated, or if a bill to enforce the Constitution in this particular passed one branch it was with the distinct understanding that it would be voted down in the other. There is nothing that the average Pennsylvania legislator prizes so dearly as a free railroad pass and its inevitable outcome, a three days' adjournment every week from Friday at noon until Monday evening.

THE demagogues of both parties in Congress are running a hot race to get first on the record as favoring the passage of a bill to repeal the limitation clause to the Arrearages of Pension act. The Commissioner of Pensions has stated in a communication to the Pension Committee that if such a bill passes it would take three hundred millions of dollars out of the treasury. This has had the effect of causing doubt and hesitation on the part of the Committee having charge of the bill in reporting it favorably to the House, but it is still said to be uncertain whether a majority of the Committee can be induced to kill the bill by voting to report it with a negative recommendation. "The truth is," said a member the other day to a newspaper correspondent, "that while we believe the repeal proposition is wrong, and that its effect will be to place the treasury on the verge of bankruptcy, we must vote for it or suffer political crucifixion. We are all cowards." Conscience is said to make cowards of men, but in this instance the change is brought about simply by a craven fear that unless a member votes for the wildest pension schemes—schemes that his own judgment and sense of justice condemn, he will run the risk of arraying against himself the soldiers' vote when he wants a re-election. This is an insult to every true soldier who wants nothing that is not right, and who especially don't want to bankrupt the treasury of a government that has been more liberal toward its soldiers, their widows and their children, than any other country in the civilized world. A coward, or a man who is afraid to act out his convictions of right and and duty, has no business to be in Congress, and when his constituents get a chance at him "political crucifixion" ought to be his doom.

THE decision recently rendered at Topeka, Kansas, by Judge Brewer, of the Circuit Court of the United States, in relation to the liabilities incurred by a State in enacting a prohibition law, has attracted wide attention, from the fact that it makes the State liable for property rendered useless by a law prohibiting the manufacture of beer, whisky, wine, etc. About 1873 John Walruf built a brewery at Lawrence, Kansas, which, with its machinery and fixtures for making beer, is worth $50,000, and for any other purpose $5,000. At the time of the erection of the brewery and up to 1880, the making of beer was as legal and free from restriction in that State as the manufacture of flour. In 1880 the Constitutional amendment was adopted prohibiting the manufacture of beer, except for medicinal, scientific and mechanical purposes. The laws passed in 1881 and 1885 to carry the amendment into effect made a permit essential to the manufacture of beer for the excepted purposes. On applying for such a permit Walruf was refused it and an injunction was issued restraining him absolutely from the manufacture of beer. Judge Brewer in his decision holds that Walruf was required, without compensation, to abandon his brewery of the value of $45,000 acquired under a Constitutional guarantee of protection to property. On the other hand any one who expended his money in preparing for the manufacture of the prohibited articles in Kansas *after* the adoption of the prohibitory amendment would do so at his peril, but the effect of that amendment upon all malt industries already in existence was, in part at least, to confiscate them. The consequence will be very weighty and important if this decision is sustained by the Supreme Court of the United States.

FROM the following Washington dispatch of Tuesday last our readers will be enabled to understand the present condition of the controversy between the President and the Republicans in the Senate, respecting "suspensions, removals and appointments." The resolutions of Riddleberger and Pugh, referred to in the dispatch, set forth respectively the views held by the Republicans and Democrats on the questions in dispute, and which will no doubt give rise to a lengthy debate:

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 2.—To-morrow the resolutions offered in the Senate by Messrs. Riddleberger and Pugh to-day will probably be referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections. That committee will report favorably a substitute for both resolutions, which will probably be drawn by Senator Hoar, Chairman of the committees, and will set forth the Stalwart Republican position on the question of the relation between the President and the Senate respecting suspensions, removals and appointments. This resolution will be considered in open session, which will at once enable the Stalwart Republican Senators to relieve their minds of their opinions about the President and enable them, so they think, to compel Van Wyck and one or two other Republicans of whose support they do not feel certain, to vote for the resolution. If the same proposition were brought up in executive session they would feel less sure of some of their colleagues. But they think that every Republican would be in line. Meanwhile the Judiciary Committee will probably pursue the Attorney General and the President on the case of the United States District Attorney for Southern Alabama. There is some talk of backing down on the part of some Republican Senators, but Edmunds, who leads the opposition to the President, is as determined as ever.

It was agreed toward the close of last week by the Democrats and Republicans in the Ohio State Senate, that the alleged frauds affecting the election of the four Democratic Senators from Cincinnati should be referred to a committee of six members, three Democrats and three Republicans. It was expecc that the committee would make a report to the Senate on Wednesday last or yesterday, not, of course, on the merits of the cases, but in regard to the manner in which the contested cases shall be conducted, and would provide that any legal points which may arise during the investigation and on which the committee cannot agree, shall be referred to Judge Thurman and R. A. Harrison, both of Columbus, one a Democrat and the other a Republican, for final decision.

It has heretofore been believed that Sir Rowland Hill was entitled to the credit of having invented the adhesive postage stamp in 1839, but competent authority in England, as is now claimed, has decided that James Chalmers, a bookseller of Dundee, Scotland, was the real inventor, and that Sir Rowland merely adopted the Scotchman's invention long after its utility had been urged upon him by the Mercantile Committee of the City of London.

IN PARLIAMENT.

Mr. Gladstone's Great Speech Before that Body.

LONDON, January 23.—Mr. Gladstone's speech made an historic occasion in the House of Commons. He rose to heights of splendid oratory and delighted the house with his humor. Even the Tory Ministers laughed at his exposure of Salisbury's change of attitude. Then he thrilled it with solemnity by his personal pledges and appeals. He treated the whole situation with such tact and power that he completely disconcerted the Tories, won over the Irish and pulled the Liberals together. Only a solitary Whig voice was raised in protest.

Mr. Gladstone declared that his opinion, expressed in his Midlothian manifesto, was his opinion now, and had been for fifteen years. He showed, amid laughter, what grounds he had for supposing until just lately that Salisbury "was not far from being in the same position as himself." The following characteristic sentence was delivered with the solemn emphasis of a personal pledge, while the house was perfectly silent; Gladstone's voice was like a great bell, and could be heard far in the long lobby: "From the first my highest ambition has been, and it continues to be—and I rebuke myself by anticipation if I deviate by a hair's breadth from the principle—not to say one word of any man mingling in this question that can bring the elements of wrath and passion into a debate and a consideration which nothing but patience, nothing but self-restraint, nothing but the casting aside of much prejudice and prepossession, and nothing but a determined disposition to look alone at what candor and justice demand will afford us the smallest hope of solving."

He urged the Government to do whatever it is going to do with the utmost promptitude and frankness. As to the unity of the Empire he said, addressing the ministers, with astounding effect upon the Irish members, "It is an excellent thing to say that you will maintain the unity of the Empire. In Heaven's name maintain it with all your might. But we have been maintaining it for eighty-five years, and not only for eighty-five years since the Union, but for six hundred years before." The effect upon the Irishmen was that they appreciated instantly the argument and the subtle distinction (the reference to the union that existed when there was an Irish Parliament), which had never fallen from the lips of an English Minister before. Their faces flushed with pleasure, and they cheered madly. Afterward several of them said to me: "He has taken all the venom out of the struggle." This was shown by Mr. Parnell, who concluded his dignified and wise speech by saying that for his party they saw in the present position a desire and a wish on the part of Englishmen to study and understand with a view to its final settlement this great Irish question, and they were resolved that no extravagance on their part should mar the chance which their country possessed for the first time in its history.

Yesterday has shown how inconceivably silly were those prophets who talked about Mr. Gladstone's influence being on the wane. Perhaps he will let his followers stray alone for awhile, but, like the man in Goldsmith's poem, he knows that when he is pleased to do so he can whistle them back.

The Kansas Brewery Case.

Much attention has been attracted by the decision just rendered in the Circuit Court of the United States in Kansas to the effect that the States must compensate the owners of a brewery for rendering it useless by legislation against the manufacture of beer.

Thirty years ago the Court of appeals held the New York excise law of 1855 to be unconstitutional because it authorized the destruction of existing liquors; but we are not aware that any reported case has ever gone so far as this Kansas decision, which asserts a right for compensation, not for a manufactured product made valueless by the enactment of a prohibitory law, but for the manufactory itself in which the prohibited substance was to be produced. The State must pay the brewers, not for the loss of the beer on hand, but for the plant in which they proposed to make beer.

Laws relating to the manufacture and sale of liquors are passed by the Legislatures of the several States in the exercise of the police power—the power to prescribe internal regulations for the prevention of crime, preservation of order and the maintenance of good behavior among the members of the community. The American courts have heretofore been inclined to hold that this power could be lawfully exercised even where it infringed very seriously upon property rights, and to illustrate its extent, Chief Justice Cooley, of Michigan, one of the highest authorities in the country on questions of constitutional law, has said:

"Perhaps there is no instance in which the power of the Legislature to make such regulations as may destroy the value of property without compensation to the owner, appears in a more striking light than in these statutes [prohibitory liquor laws]. The trade in alcoholic drinks being lawful, and the capital employed therein being fully protected by law, the Legislature then steps in and by an enactment based on reasons of public utility annihilates the traffic, destroys altogether the employment and reduces to a nominal value the property on hand. * * * A statute which can do this must be based upon the highest reasons of public benefit; but, whether satisfactory or not, they rest exclusively in the legislative wisdom."

The Circuit Judge of the United States in Kansas, Judge Brewer, evidently rejects this broad view of the police power entertained by Judge Cooley. "Beyond any doubt," he says, "the State can prohibit the defendants from continuing their business of brewing, but before it can do so it must pay the value of the property destroyed." For brewing purposes the establishment was worth $50,000; for anything else, $5,000. The difference, $45,000, represented the loss which the State must make good.

The decision, if sustained by the Supreme Court of the United States, is likely to have momentous consequences. —*N. Y. Sun.*

Like an Irish Landlord.

CHICAGO, Jan. 25.—The *Tribune* devotes four columns to-day to the career of Wm. Scully, at present a resident of London, England, who, it is claimed, owns large tracts of American land, and testimony is offered to show that he has introduced the Irish landlord system in the management of his American properties. The paper in its resume of the allegation, says: "Scully is of Celtic birh, but now lives in London. He is one of the chief figures among the alien proprietors of American soil, and has introduced the meanest features of the worst forms of Irish landlordism on his estates in this country. It will startle the public to learn that he has acquired in the neighborhood of 90,000 acres in Illinois alone, at a merely nominal price—50 cents to one dollar per acre, as a rule. His career as an Irish landlord was a history of oppression and extortion that was appropriately finished by a bloody encounter with his tenants. He was tried and acquitted on the charge of double murder, but became so unpopular that in 1880 he sold most of his Irish property, and has since devoted himself to building up a landlord system in Illinois, Kansas, Nebraska and other States. He made entries of the public domain through the medium of land warrants issued to Mexican soldiers and which he purchased at the rate of 50 cents per acre. In Logan county, Ill., alone he has 40,000 to 40,000 acres.

"It is the almost universal testimony that Scully's rule has reduced 250 tenants and their families in that county to a condition approaching serfdom. Furthermore, Scully pays no taxes, the tenants signing iron clad agreements to assume the same, but they are required to pay Scully's agents the tax money at the same time as the rentals—the first of January each year—whereas the agent need not turn the money over to the County Treasurer until about June 10th following. It is suggested that Scully probably makes a handsome per cent. on the tax money remaining in his hands for five months. It is also shown that a great deal of this alien's land entirely escapes taxation, thus increasing the burden on other property holders; that he takes the most extraordinary precautions to secure his rent, executing a cast iron lease, with provisions which morti ge the tenant's all, scarcely allowing his soul to escape, and making it compulsory for small grain to be sold immediately after harvest, no matter what may be the condition of the market; that grain dealers are notified not to buy of the tenants until Scully's rent is paid—in short, that he has founded a land system so oppressive that it is only paralleled in Ireland, and rules his tenantry so despotically that few can be induced to tell the story of their wrongs, justly fearing that it would involve ruin to them."

A New British Ministry.

Another step in the direction of Home Rule was taken in the British Parliament on Tuesday night, when the Salisbury Ministry received a severe defeat by the adoption of an amendment to the address in reply to the Queen's speech regretting that no measures had been proposed by the framers of that document looking to the relief of sufferers from the depression in trade and agriculture. Notice had previously given by the leader of the Government party in the House of Commons, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, of his intention to introduce a bill for the suppression of the Irish National League, and it is probable that this prompt and incisive action stimulated the determination of the opposition to wipe out the Salisbury Ministry, and furnished an incentive to to all anti Conservative elements to unite in making the defeat as crushing as possible.

The large majority against the Government—seventy-nine—rendered impossible any course other than that taken yesterday by Earl Salisbury's Cabinet. The Ministry has resigned, and it is probable that Mr. Gladstone will be again called upon to form a new Cabinet. The change has been accomplished without social or commercial disturbance, since it was generally recognized throughout the United Kingdom that the Tory administration was but a thing of sufferance, a mushroom permitted to vegetate in Downing street only until such time as it suited the Liberals and Home Rulers to unite and deracinate it. Lord Hartington, by voting with the Government, has effectually removed himself from among the number of possible Premiers, yet it is not certain that he may not be asked to form the new Ministry, although, like Sir Stafford Northcote under like circumstances, he would be constrained to decline.

The task before Mr. Gladstone is simplified by an apparent agreement on leading public measures between Liberals and the Parnellites, who hold the balance of power. Upon the burning question of the pacification of Ireland they diverge widely, and to reconcile the conflicting views of his supporters on this matter will be Mr. Gladstone's most difficult employment as the head of the new Ministry. No other statesman could possibly achieve such a work, and Mr. Gladstone may meet with failure again. But the attempt will certainly be made if the reins of government are now entrusted to his hands.—*Philadelphia Record of Jan. 28th.*

No Boon That Science Has Conferred

Has been traught with greater blessings than that which has accrued to the inhabitants of malarial ridden portions of the United States and the Tropics from the use of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. The experience of many years has but too clearly demonstated the inefficiency of quinine and other drugs to effectually combat the progress of intermittent, congestive and bilious remittent fevers, while on the other hand, it has been no less clearly shown that the use of the Bitters, a medicine congenial to the frailest constitution, and derived from purely botanic sources, affords a reliable safeguard against malarial disease, and arrest it when developed. For disorders of the stomach, liver and bowls, for general debility and renal inactivity, it is also a most efficient remedy. Appetite and sleep are improved by it, it expels rheumatic humors from the blood, and enriches a circulation impoverished by mal-assimilation.

THE adult daughter of Martin Lorah, residing near Reamstown, Lancaster county, is subject to epileptic fits. She had been working outside of the house with the other members of the family, and becoming cold, she went into the kitchen to warm herself. When her mother entered a few moments later she found Lizzie lying in the open side of the wood stove, with her right cheek and the upper part of her breast slowly roasting The girls cheek was completely burned away, exposing the bone, and her breast was charred black. Her injuries are fatal. She had fallen in a fit.

A Great Discovery.

Mr. Wm. Thomas, of Newton, Ia., says: "My wife has been seriously affected with a cough for twenty-five years, and this spring more severely than ever before. She had used many remedies without relief, and being urged to try Dr. King's New Discovery, did so, with most gratifying results. The first bottle relieved her very much, and the second bottle has absolutely cured her. She has not had so good health for thirty years." Trial Bottles Free at E. James' Drug Store. Large size $1.00.

Two years ago, Ida Pavey eloped with William Oates from Dora, Ind. Recently they returned to that place and settled down on a small farm. The Paveys disliked young Oates. Last night Charles Pavey entered a hall in which a revival meeting was being held, pistol in hand, and shot Oates dead. In the confusion Mrs. Oats dropped her 6-months-old babe on the floor and it was tramped to death. Pavey was arrested.

CURIOUS to think that desks and chairs kill people, but they do. Taken in large quantities office furniture is as fatal as yellow fever. We sit and write ourselves away. Sedentary habits produce constipation; that begets dyspepsia; rheumatism and kidney troubles follow in their train, and death ends the chapter. You whose lives are passed over desks and in the confined air offices ought to keep Dr. Kennedy's "Favorite Remedy" always at hand for the stomach and brain.

—Mr. Hiram G. Wood, a farmer living near Little Falls, N. J. discovered a hole in the ruins of an old building on his farm, and is amusing himself pulling out snakes. They are generally blacksnakes, but occasionally a rattlesnake or an adder is encountered. The other day a blacksnake was killed with a sparrow in its mouth. The total length of the snakes killed by Mr. Wood up to the present time is 127 feet 7 inches.

I WAS troubled with chronic catarrh and gathering in my head, was very deaf at times, had discharges from my ears, and was unable to breathe through my nose. Before the second bottle of Ely's Cream was exhausted I was cured, and to-day enjoy sound health.—C. J. Corbin, 923 Chestnut St. Field Manager Philadelphia Pub. House, Pa.

I am on my second bottle of Ely's Cream Balm, being a sufferer from catarrh since I was a child, but with this medicine I am being cured.—Wm. L. Dayton, Brooklyn.

—A lad 13 years of age named Joe Hubbard has been sentenced to the Nebraska Penitentiary one year for stealing horses.

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS.

—For early loss of physical power. A sure cure is foud in Hunt's Remedy. Never fails.

—The oldest and largest tree in the world is a chestnut near the foot of Mt. Etna. The circumference of the main trunk is 212 feet.

—We do not sound a needless alarm when we tell you that the taint of scrofula is in your blood. Inherited or acquired, it is there, and Ayer's Sarsaparilla alone will successfully eradicate it.

—Cross levee, which separated Roberts' island, Cal., gave way on Sunday, allowing the water to cover 35 000 acres of land, of which 13,000 acres were in wheat. The entire loss is estimated at $600,000.

—The Geographical Society of Marseilles estimates the total number of Jews in the world at 6 377,602; that is, 5 407,602 in Europe, 300,000 in America, 345,000 in Asia, 413,600 in Africa, and 12,000 in Oceanica.

—According to the latest information attainable the three largest cities in the world are: London, with a population of 3,835,-441; Paris, with 2,269,023, and Canton, with 1,500,000. New York comes fourth on the list and Berlin fifth.

—The storm which ended Sunday night had raged for for forty-eight hours and caused great damage throughout New Hampshire. Reports received from some of the largest fruit growers in the State say that their orchards are entirely ruined.

—The biggest snow storm ever known there was raging at Fort Smith, Ark., on Tuesday. Snow has fallen for twenty-one hours and is still falling. It is now ten inches deep. All travel is suspended, and the trains are neither arriving nor departing.

—In a trap baited with a live goose, a farmer in Harnett county, N. C., recently caught a bald eagle whose wings measured ten feet from tip to tip. The bird had been ravaging the vicinity for many weeks, carrying off large numbers of poultry and sheep.

—An old and intimate friend of mine is Parker's Hair Balsam. I have used it five years, and could not do without it. It has stopped my hair from falling, restored its natural black color and wholly cleansed it from dandruff.—Miss Pearl Aneson, St. Louis, Mo.

—It is estimated that fully 15,000 head of cattle lie dead and frozen on the prairie within a radius of seventy-five miles of Fort Elliott, Texas. The prairie dogs are nearly all dead. Several persons were badly frozen. The lowest recorded by the mercury was 10 degrees below zero.

—On Wednesday week there died in Windsor, Ont., an Indian-Spanish negro named Freeman Clark, who was born in Buckingham county, Va., August 4, 1764, being over 121 years old. He lived in Virginia for 80 years, working at his trade as a cooper, and then went west to Ohio, afterward going to Detroit.

—European sugar refiners have lately discovered in central India a forest tree which seems likely to come into general use as a substitute for the cane and the beet. It is called the Maheva and abounds in southern Hindostan. Its blossoms yield an immense amount of juice, which is easily converted into sugar of an excellent quality.

—Father Le Pallieur, founder of the famous and beneficent Order of the Little Sisters of the Poor, is still living in Paris, where the Order was started in 1840. His golden jubilee last month. The first sister, Marie Augustine de la Compassion, is residing in the mother house. There are now 249 houses and nearly 4000 sisters within the Order.

—It is said that the forthcoming report of the agricultural department of Illinois will show a condition of affairs not known before for twenty-five years, there being a deficit in the crop of 5,000,000 bushels. The acreage harvested in 1885 was 1,068 364. The amount annually required for seed and consumption is 13,739,029 bushels, but the amount produced as shown by the returns, was 8,299,243.

—Colored people of Hempstead, Tex., have been thrown into excitement over the news that a whole family of negroes were poisoned at Howth station on the Texas Central railroad. The family of whom Morris Johnson is the head, were poisoned by eating the flesh of a stolen hog, which had been dosed with strychnine to trap hog thieves. Bill Harris and Henry Clay, two guests of Morris Johnston, and Johnson's step-daughter, have died and several of the family are in a critical conditon.

—The property known as Jackson's Mills, on the West Fork river, in West Virginia, is for sale under a decree of court. On this property Stonewall Jackson spent his boyhood with his uncle, Cummings Jackson. He lived there when he was appointed constable for Lewis county; and that was his home when he left there for Washington and obtained his appointment to West Point. The property has gone down considerably since those days, although it is yet considered valuable.

—Burt Coatman, a cowboy convict from Wyoming, serving a sentence of three years at the Joliet (Ill.) Prison, was released on Monday, having served his term. When Coatman was brought to the Clerk's office to be discharged the Clerk handed him a packgae of bills amounting to nearly $1100, and informed him that $1000 of the amount had been sent to him as a Christmas present by one of the cattle kings of Wyoming. The ex-convict was nearly paralyzed with astonishment at his good fortune, and left the prison doors with a light heart.

—Few realize what a mammoth State Texas is. It is as large as eight South Carolinas, has 46,000 000 acres of timber and 7,300 miles of railroad. Its crop for 1885 is 1,300,000 bales of cotton, 32,000 000 pounds of wool, 80 000,000 bushels of corn and 4,-000 000 bushels of wheat. It has 282 varieties of grass and grazes annually 12 000 000 head of cattle. Its population is 2,500,000; its wealth, $603 900 000. Each county has 20 000 acres of land for school purposes, and each university 220 000 acres. The school fund amounts to $700 000, and it is Democratic by 100,000 majority. Truly a wonderful State.

LIKE HIS FATHER,

He Was Afflicted with Stone in the Bladder.

Mr. S. W. Hicks, of Pleasant Valley, Duchess county, N. Y., the son of Mr. E. S. Hicks, whose name may have appeared in this journal in connection with an article similar to this, was, like his father, afflicted with Stone in the Bladder, only that his case was more serious than his father's. The father advised the son to write to Dr. David Kennedy, of Rondout, N. Y., who, he said, would tell him what to do. Dr. Kennedy replied, suggesting the use of KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY, which had worked so successfully in the father's case. Mr. Hicks, who had been assured by the local physicians that they could do nothing more for him, tried FAVORITE REMEDY. After two weeks' use of it he passed a stone three-fourths of an inch long and of the thickness of a pipe stem. Since then he has had no symptoms of a return of the trouble. Here is a sick man healed. What better results could have been expected? What greater benefit could medical science confer? The end was gained; that is surely enough. Dr. Kennedy assures the public, by a reputation which he cannot afford to imperil, that the FAVORITE REMEDY does invigorate the blood, cures liver, kidney and bladder complaints, as well as all those diseases and weaknesses peculiar to females.

Thousands of Grateful People voluntarily testify in letters to Dr Kennedy, with a warmth and fulness of words which more business documents and certificates never possess, what "Favorite Remedy," the great specific for blood, liver and kidney disorders, has done for them and their friends.

T. W. DICK, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Ebensburg, Pa. Office in building of T. J. Lloyd, esq'r, (first floor,) Centre street. All manner of legal business attended to satisfactorily and collections a specialty. [10-14.-tf.]

An Efficient Remedy

In all cases of Bronchial and Pulmonary Affections, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, As such it is recognized and prescribed by the medical profession, and in many thousands of families, for the past forty years, it has been regarded as an invaluable household remedy. It is a preparation that only requires to be taken in very small quantities, and a few doses of it administered in the early stages of a cold or cough will effect a speedy cure, and many a very possible, save life. There is no doubt whatever that

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Has preserved the lives of great numbers of persons, by arresting the development of Laryngitis, Bronchitis, Pneumonia, and Pulmonary Consumption, and by the cure of those dangerous maladies. It should be kept ready for use in every family where there are children, as it is a medicine far superior to all others in the treatment of Croup, the alleviation of Whooping Cough, and the cure of Colds and Influenza, ailments peculiarly incident to childhood and youth. Promptitude in dealing with all diseases of this class is of the utmost importance. The loss of a single day may, in many cases, entail fatal consequences. Do not waste precious time in experimenting with medicines of doubtful efficacy, while the malady is constantly gaining a deeper hold, but take at once the speediest and most certain to cure,

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

PREPARED BY

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists.

THE GREAT REGULATOR

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

SLR

—PURELY VEGETABLE.—

—ARE YOU— **BILIOUS?**

This Regulator never fails to cure. Most cheerfully recommend it to all who suffer from Biliousness or any Disease caused by a disordered state of the Liver. W. H. BERNARD, Kansas City, Mo.

DO YOU WANT GOOD **DIGESTION?**

I suffered intensely with Full Stomach, Dyspepsia, Headache, etc. A neighbor who had taken Simmons Liver Regulator, told me it was a sure cure for my trouble. The first dose I took relieved me very much, and in one week's time I was as well and hearty as I ever was. It is the best medicine I ever took for Dyspepsia. H. G. CRENSHAW, Richmond, Va.

Suffer from **CONSTIPATION?**

Testimony of Hiram Warner, Chief-Justice of Georgia: "I have used Simmons Liver Regulator for the regulation of my Bowels, caused by a temporary derangement of the Liver for the last three or four years, and always with decided benefit."

SAFER AND BETTER THAN CALOMEL! I have been subject to severe spells of Congestion of the Liver, and have been in the habit of taking from 15 to 20 grains of calomel, which generally laid me up for three or four days. Lately I have been taking Simmons Liver Regulator, which gave me relief, without any interruption to business. J. HUGG, Rossville, Ohio.

ONLY GENUINE!

MANUFACTURED BY

J. H. ZEILIN & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

PRICE, $1.00.

Godey's Lady's Book

—AND THE—

CAMBRIA FREEMAN

—BOTH FOR—

ONE YEAR FOR $3.50.

STEIN'S

SAFETY STOCKING SUPPORTER

NO MORE BLOOD-STRANGLING GARTERS.

RECOMMENDED BY ALL THE LEADING PHYSICIANS.

Children's, 1 to 5 years,	8c. a pair.
ditto, two attachments,	10c. "
Misses' "	13c. "
Ladies' "	15c. "
Misses', with a belt, "	20c. "
Ladies', "	25c. "
Stocking, Abdominal, and Catamenial Bandage Supporter combined,	50c. "
Health Skirt Supporter,	25c. "
Brighton Gent's Garter,	15c. "

FOR SALE BY

ALL FIRST-CLASS STORES.

Samples sent post-paid to any address upon receipt of price in 2-cent stamps.

LEWIS STEIN,

Sole Owner and Manufacturer,

178 Centre Street, New York.

PLAID SHAWL GIVEN AWAY!

Through the failure of a large manufacturer of Cashmere Pattern Fringe Shawls, there has come into our hands a large consignment of Plaid Shawls, perfect goods, which we propose to present to the ladies in the following manner, Send us 25 cents for 3 mos. subscription to Farm and Household, a large 32 page illustrated paper, devoted to Farm and Household topics. Stories and general miscellany. And we will send you one of these beautiful shawls FREE by mail postpaid, or we will send 2 shawls and 2 subscription to one address for $1.00. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Address

FARM AND HOUSEHOLD, Box 40, Hartford, Conn.

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A new House every 16 days in the last 6 years. Our village, only 32 months old, has 5 stores, 2 hotels, 2 churches, school, newspaper, factory, 3 industries, 4 steamboats, 2 trains and 2 mails daily. Land rapidly advancing. Send, send, send, for illustrated circulars with 4 maps, 36 Photographic cuts of houses, all about the wonderful growth of our colony, its settlements, markets, business opportunities, health, prices, terms, and 96 other distinct subjects. Farms sold on monthly installments to those buying as they move, without leaving their situations. Address J. F. MANCHA, Claremont, Surry Co., Va.

LADIES!

With Hanover's Taylor System you can cut Dresses to fit, without oral instructions. Dressmakers pronounce it perfect. Price for System Book and Double Tracing Wheel, $6,50.

TO INTRODUCE

A System, Book and Wheel will be sent on receipt of $1.00. Address

JOHN C. HANOVER, Cincinnati, O.

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Nov. 16, 1885. EBENSBURG, PA.

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

PREPARE FOR SPRING!

BEAR IN MIND

THAT OUR

SPRING STOCK FOR CLOTHING

WILL BE COMPLETE BY

FEBRUARY 10th

ALFRED E. GOETZ

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Eleventh Avenue — — Altoona, Pa.

Hardware! Hardware

IMPORTANT TO CITIZENS OF EBENSBURG AND VICINITY.

WE TAKE THIS OPPORTUNITY OF informing the people of Ebensburg and vicinity, that we have opened out in the Tudor building on High street, a new, large and complete stock of hardware of every description,

☞ MECHANICS' TOOLS, BUILDERS' HARDWARE,
☞ FARMING IMPLEMENTS, FORKS, SPADES, PLACKS,
☞ SMITH TOOLS, HORSE SHOES, BARROWS,
☞ NAILS OF ALL KINDS, BAR IRON and STEEL,
☞ HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS, RE-
☞ VOLVERS, CUTLERY, GUNS, SHELLS,
☞ CARTRIDGES, TWINES, CORDAGE.

Referring to the above, we respectfully ask the citizens of Ebensburg and surrounding country for a share of their patronage. We have been regularly trained in the hardware business, have bought our goods for cash and believe we can offer great inducements to those who desire to purchase.

E. DUFTON & SON.

EBENSBURG, April 3, 1885.

CARL RIVINIUS,

—PRACTICAL—

WATCHMAKER & JEWELER

—AND DEALER IN—

Watches, Clocks,

—JEWELRY,—

Silverware, Musical Instruments

—AND—

Optical Goods.

Sole Agent

—FOR THE—

Celebrated Rockford WATCHES.

Columbia and Fredonia Watches In Key and Stem Winders.

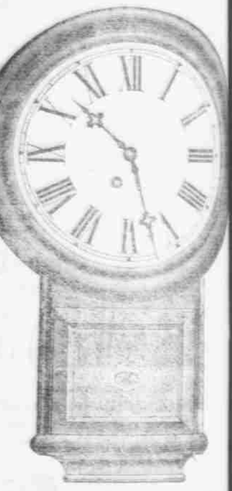
LARGE SELECTION OF ALL KINDS of JEWELRY always on hand.

☞ My line of Jewelry is unsurpassed. Come and see for yourself before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ ALL WORK GUARANTEED. ☜

CARL RIVINIUS.

Ebensburg, Nov. 11, 1885.-tf.



I CURE FITS!

When I say cure I do not mean merely to stop them for a time and then have them return again. I mean a radical cure. I have made the disease of FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS a life-long study. I warrant my remedy to cure the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a Free

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, - - - - FEB. 5, 1886.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

Here, There and the Other Place.

—Can't be beat—the sleighing.

—Liverymen are having a harvest.

—For Cranberries go to the Sugar Bowl.

—The Auditors report appears this week.

—For the best oysters go to the Sugar Bowl.

—Read Wm. F. Gable & Co.'s new "ad", Great bargains are offered.

—For all kinds of choice groceries, always fresh, go to the Sugar Bowl.

—Mifflin county is being flooded with counterfeit silver dollars of the year 1883.

—As we put our paper to press this (Friday) morning another blizzard is upon us.

—Owing to an unusual amount of work this number of our paper is somewhat late.

—Extraordinary success everywhere. A safe cure for all kidney diseases is Hunt's Remedy.

—A sleighing party from East Conemaugh visited this place on Tuesday last, stopping at the Blair House for dinner.

—William Thomas, the barber, was the only colored "regiment" that took part in the engagement on the Cresson and Coalport Road.

—Judge Harry White, of Indiana, will be granted a preliminary hearing, Feb. 11, on the charge of falsifying, altering, and defacing the public records.

—A Hollidaysburg man broke two of his ribs a few days ago by a fall, resulting from the bursting of one of his boot straps while pulling on his boots.

—Dr. Strickler, who has been practicing medicine for the past few years at Portage, is about to remove to Lilly, and place his office in the George building, lately occupied by Dr. J. M. Patterson.

—Parties from the East have been for the past ten days, taking leases on land in Clearfield, Dean and Gallitzin townships, for the purpose of boring for gas, oil and salt. They have leased about two thousand acres.

—Two sleigh loads of females hailing from Johnstown, stopped at the Blair House on Wednesday last, and after taking dinner, visited the Almshouse, and other public buildings, and returned home in the evening.

—On Monday next, February 8th, Dr. G. A. Zimmerman will offer at public sale at his residence, on Julian street, the following: Cow, sulky, sleigh, stoves, beds and bedding, household goods, etc., etc. Terms reasonable.

—Dr. Zimmerman having sold his store and property to Dr. Davison, and expecting to leave Ebensburg on Feb 9th, would like to have all parties knowing themselves indebted to him to call and get their accounts soon, if they are not prepared to settle.

—On Monday last Mr. Michael Driscoll, of Allegheny township, butchered the largest hog that has been seen in that neighborhood for a long time. The animal was over six feet and weighed when dressed 527 pounds. The animal was shipped to Altoona.

—Mr. W. L. Donahoe, of Philadelphia, paid Ebensburg and the FREEMAN office a welcome visit on Tuesday last, leaving the next day. Larry dressed the tools for the stone cutters during the building of the Court House, and is well known to a number of our citizens.

—A smooth complexion can be had by every lady who will use Parker's Tonic. For promptly regulating the liver and kidneys and purifying the blood, there is nothing like it, and this is the reason why it so quickly removes pimples and gives a rosy bloom to the cheeks.

—Martin Shannon, daughter of ex-Sheriff Shannon, of Blair county, died in the State Asylum at Harrisburg on Thursday week. The deceased and her sister were admitted to the asylum several years ago, having been sent from Altoona. The remains were interred in Hollidaysburg on Saturday.

—Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer restores a fine gloss and freshness to the hair, and is highly recommended by physicians, clergymen, and scientists, as a preparation accomplishing wonderful results. It is a certain remedy for removing dandruff, making the scalp white and clean, and restoring gray hair to its youthful color.

—W. L. Gibson, a brakeman on the Pennsylvania railroad, whose home was at Greensburg, was caught between the deadwood of the cars at East Conemaugh on Friday afternoon, and crushed until the eyes protruded from their sockets and the blood gushed from his nose and mouth. He died a short time. He was thirty-three years of age and married.

—Jas. James Gallagher, of this place, who several weeks ago had his left eye injured by a piece of wood which he was cutting driving him in the eye, went to Pittsburg on Wednesday last for the purpose of having the injured eye removed, the physician's telling him to the conclusion that the operation would be necessary in order to save the sight of the other.

—The three sawmills of John Duffels, located at Duffels, Clearfield county, cut during the year 1885 23,912,961 feet of pine lumber, 11,222,451 feet of hemlock, and 783,000 feet of hard wood, making a total of 35,918,412 feet of lumber made in twelve months. His shingle mill produced 14,344,000 shingles in the same time, and the number of pailstering lath cut was 2,756,100.

—More wheat has been delivered by farmers at the mills on the line of the Pennsylvania railroad in Huntingdon county during the last ten days than ever before in the same length of time. The sledding is excellent and has been taken advantage of to haul the crops in from the country. The roads there are such as they can manufacture no finer until this year's crop is harvested.

—Trying times bring out individual instances of great coolness and courage. In the very midst of the trying ordeal between the Cresson troops and the Italian laborers on Tuesday last, the editor of the *Herald* and the editor of the FREEMAN, who were on the ground, accepted an invitation to dinner from Mr. Richard Denny, and when they left, Mr. Denny was a poorer if not a wiser man. Mr. Denny will please accept our thanks.

—The riot on the Cresson and Coalport railroad, has been the chief topic for the past few days, and numerous plans have been suggested for settling the difficulties that have grown out of the building of that road. One of the best suggested is to pay all the laborers in cash and then send them to John Owens' store on High street, to purchase their dry goods, dress goods, boots and shoes, groceries and provisions, and that will end the riot.

—At 11 o'clock on last Monday morning the residence of Thomas Westbrook, deputy sheriff of the Pennsylvania railroad at Huntingdon, was entered by thieves, in the absence of the family, and a trunk in a bedroom on the second floor containing $2,500 in cash was pried open and the money stolen. The booty represented the savings of Mr. Westbrook. The robbery was evidently committed by one who knew that Westbrook had the money in the house, as nothing but the trunk and a bureau were searched.

GABLE & CO.'S GREAT SPECIAL SALE OF GOODS FROM ALL DEPARTMENTS!

REDUCED AFTER STOCK-TAKING IN ORDER TO CLOSE THEM OUT.

62 1-2c. Dress Goods reduced to 35c. per yard. 87 1-2c. and $1 Dress Goods reduced to 50c. per yard. 50c. Dress Goods reduced to 25c. per yard. 25c. Dress Goods reduced to 12 1-2c. per yard. $6 All-Wool 11-4 White Blankets reduced to $5. Gloves reduced to a low figure. Coats for Ladies and Children reduced below cost. Underwear at greatly reduced prices. Look out for our Great Sale of Muslin next week. Our Sale of New Edgings and Insertions has commenced, and our customers tell us they never saw such value in Hamburgs as is now being offered at the Great, Popular and One-Price Store at 1402 Eleventh Avenue, Altoona, Pa.,

WILLIAM F. GABLE & CO., 1402 ELEVENTH AVE., ALTOONA.

—The following named persons can each obtain a letter by calling at the Ebensburg postoffice: Mrs. C. Roberts, Miss Kate Mellon, Maggie Hayes, Miss Julia A. Jones, Mr. John Jones (Blacksmith), Mr. John Jones (Camp), Mr. John S. Dumm, Mr. Thomas W. Evans.

—Griffith Bonnet, a well known hotel keeper of Gallitzin, disappeared suddenly from his home on Monday of last week. He afterwards turned up in Pittsburg and had a will made by a magistrate of that city leaving all his property to his wife, and the will, with his watch and chain, were sent to her with the assurance that she should never see him again. He told some friends that it was his intention to shoot himself. We understand, however, that he has since written to his wife from a West Virginia town, stating that he would return in a few days.

—The assessed valuation of Cambria county for 1886 is as follows: Real estate, $5,555,365; live stock, $295,449; trades and occupations, $354,466; unseated lands, $337,575, making the total valuation of the county $6,542,855. The valuation last year was, including the unseated lands, $5,691,927, making an increase over last year of about $850,928. The increase is due mainly to the development of mineral and timber lands in the north of the county by the opening of the Cresson and Coalport road, and an increase in some other districts where the valuation was too low heretofore.

—The stockholders of the Cresson & Coalport railroad held a meeting at the office of Martin Bell, Esq., at Hollidaysburg, on last Friday week, and elected the following officers: President, J. S. Afterburg, of Pittsburg; Vice President, John H. Boyts, of Pittsburg; Board of Directors, George J. Gorman, Pittsburg; Wm. R. Thompson, Pittsburg; Peter J. Uiring, Pittsburg; Edward Scull, Sr., Somerset; Chas. E. Pugh, Philadelphia; John S. Silver, New York; Hon. John. Dean and A. S. Morrow, Hollidaysburg. The general offices of the company are to be located at Pittsburg.

—Among the ponds north of Hollidaysburg, known as the ore holes, is a body of water resembling the Great Spirit Spring of Mitchell county, Kansas. It has no surface outlet or inlet; the water remains at the same stage throughout the year, and the temperature is the same during all the seasons, nor is it in the least affected by the extremes of heat and cold. During the coldest days and nights of the present winter no signs of ice appeared upon the surface of this water. The extent of the pond or hole is between sixty and seventy feet in length and the same in width, and is between thirty-five and forty feet in depth. It forms a beautiful cistern of the clearest and purest mountain water. It is utilized in the culture of fish, and contains about six hundred Californta trout.

A Probable Murder.

Mrs. Florence Gordon, wife of Elwood Gordon, was found dead on last Saturday at the house of Lizzie Thompson in Conemaugh township, a short distance from Johnstown, under circumstances that led to the belief that she had been murdered. The deceased was a white woman and at one time was said to have been respectable, but she became dissipated and finally married Elwood Gordon, a colored ragabond who has served a number of terms in our county jail. Gordon and his wife had been living at Mrs. Thompson's, and on Friday night Mrs. Gordon retired about one o'clock and her husband about three hours later. About eight o'clock on Saturday morning Gordon called Mrs. Thompson to "come up and see Mrs. Thompson, that she looked as if she was dead." She was found to be dead, with her eyes and mouth open, and her shoulders and arms black. Gordon was jealous of his wife, and had frequently made threats of killing her. A coroner's inquest was held, and the physician's testimony seems to indicate that her death was not from natural causes, but up to this hour the jury has not rendered a verdict.

Ball at Cresson.

The third annual ball of the High Old Times Club was held at the Callan House at Cresson on last Friday night, and, like all its predecessors, was well attended and enjoyed by all who participated. About eighteen couples went from Ebensburg on a special train, leaving the station at 8 P. M., and returning at 5 A. M. Delegations from Altoona, Gallitzin, Summit, Lilly's and Johnstown were in attendance, and the parties n' told numbered over one hundred. The music was furnished by the Messrs O'Brien, of Munster township, and could not be excelled. About one o'clock a bountiful supper was prepared which the guests did ample justice to. The host and hostess of the Callan House are noted for setting an elegant repast and the annual ball is one of the institutions that must be handed down to posterity. Count us in as long as we are able to dance, which ought to be for a generation or two.

Mountain Dale Items.

Mountain Dale, Feb 3, 1886.

Editor Freeman: This is ground hog day, and from present appearances, this hog-ship will see his shadow, and if he does, then look out for six weeks more of snow and northwestern blizzards.

Our venerable friend, Mr. James McArtney, Sr., of Mountain Dale, celebrated his 72 birthday on the 20th of January. There were twenty-nine representatives of his family present, besides two nieces, and Rev. Krider, of Bellwood. Mr. McArtney is the oldest inhabitant in the Dale, having lived where the village now stands for over forty years, and is highly respected by every one.

Mr. James Russell, another aged gentleman, living in New Germany, a small village about a mile south of here, had a paralytic stroke a short time ago, which left him quite helpless, but at last accounts was improving. A READER.

Horses, Cattle and Chickens.

For colic and grubs, for long fever, cough or side-bound, I give Simmons Liver Regulator (liquid) in one ounce doses; or, one tea spoonful of the powder in a mash twice a day. You can recommend it to every one having stock as the best medicine known for the above complaints. In using it with my chickens, for cholera and gapes, I mix it with the cough and feed it twice a day. By this treatment I have lost none where the Regulator was given promptly and regularly. E. T. TAYLOR, Agt. for Graggers of Ga.

"The Modern Cremalist"

Is the title of a new monthly, devoted to funeral reform and the cremation method of disposing of the dead. It is published in Lancaster, Pa., where the first crematorium for general business was established, in which forty-one bodies have already been reduced to ashes. Dr. M. L. Davis and W. U. Hensel publish the "Cremalist," and furnish specimen copies at 10 cents each, and the periodical at $1.00 a year.

ON THE WAR PATH.

Italian Laborers on the C. & C. Road Seize a Train.

On Monday morning last a train on the Cresson & Coalport railroad consisting of a locomotive and several cars loadeded with ties was run down from Cresson to a point directly in front of Mr. Richard Denny's house, in Allegheny township. When the train reached that point the men in charge found the track in front blockaded with a lot of ties, stumps and logs, piled upon the rails, and when they stopped the Italian laborers who had been working on the road, and who had congregated at that point, proceeded to obstruct the track in the rear of the train in a similar manner and declaring that "they would prevent any running on the road until they received their pay." All attempts to remove the obstructions were prevented by the laborers, and on Monday night Judge Dean, of Hollidaysburg, a director of the road, drove to this place and had warrants issued for about sixty of the men and placed in Sheriff Gray's hands.

On Tuesday morning Sheriff Gray proceeded to summon a *posse commitatus*, and our usually quiet town in a short time was all alive with excitement; wild stories of the desperate character of the Italians were told and retold, and each time their desperate character was added to, until those who had any reasonable excuse, such as colorblindness, chronic or acute diseases, or any defect in their wind or limbs that would prevent their running, availed themselves of it and were excused and allowed to stay at home to protect the town. About forty picked men, the bone and sinew of the town and surrounding country, all armed to the teeth like Texas cowboys, in company with Judge Dean and Sheriff Gray, started for the seat of war. Every available gun that could be secured in the town was brought into requisition, and those who could not get guns were supplied with revolvers.

Large bodies move slowly, and long before we had got our courage up to the tension necessary to accompany the Sheriff, every firearm in the town had been appropriated, and we therefore went unarmed, intending to keep pretty well to the rear, taking care of the wounded and occupying about the same position that the Christian Commission did in the late war.

A number of the men went overland to Cresson in sleighs, and the balance were taken down on the 10, o'clock train, where about twenty five additional recruits from Lilly and Gallitzin were added to the force of effective fighting men. On reaching Cresson a telegram was sent to the Pennsylvania railroad authorities asking them to allow Mr. Snyder to run the train down to the scene of hostilities. In the mean time, Rev. E. A. Bush, of Loretto, arrived at Cresson off the train going east, and after consulting with Sheriff Gray and Judge Dean concluded that he and Mr. Gray would drive over to the scene of hostilities and first try to settle the difficulty peaceably. In short time after they started a dispatch was received directing Conductor Snyder to run his train down to the seat of war.

Fifteen minutes' running brought us down to the beleaguered train, where, as our train approached with our heads out of the windows we beheld the Italians pulling a lot of ties off the track to allow us to approach. Our train halted when within about fifty yards of the besieged train, where we could see the Italians standing around in conference with Father Bush and Sheriff Gray. It was soon understood that there was to be no fighting, the Italians giving us to understand in the best broken English at their command that they wanted money and bread. About seventy-five half-clad, half-starved men, strangers in a strange land, who had been working from one to five months without receiving any pay, every man of them having a due bill of from sixteen to seventy dollars as the only recompense for his work, and who had been left to "root, hog, or die" until it would suit the convenience of some party to pay them, were protesting that they did not want any fighting. They had been brought there to labor, had performed their work, and when done had no money to go away; they did not want to go without their pay, and could only stay by subsisting on the charity of the residents of the neighborhood. Mr. Bernard Wise, an old citizen, stated that he had kept five of them from starving for the past two weeks, and that on Sunday last one of them came to him crying, begging him to let them have another half-bushel of potatoes and some bread, offering his watch as a pledge for the payment. Mr. Wise sent him away with a bushel of potatoes and some bread, feeling certain that if they ever get their pay he will get his. The citizens all sympathize with the men, who have been most shamefully dealt with, and say that they have behaved well toward them, very seldom interfering with them or their property.

After the obstructions had been removed from the track, which took but a few minutes, the engine of the first train, with several men, ran down about half a mile further, where the track had also been obstructed, but found no men at that point, and after clearing off the track returned. A short conference between Father Bush and the laborers was then held, and on his assurance that they would be paid, they seemed to be satisfied to wait a few days more. One Italian was arrested by a constable from Lilly, severely handcuffed and brought into town, but amid the unanimous cries of the "posse" to "let him go," the handcuffs were unlocked and he was turned loose, and thus ended the first chapter of the Italian riot on the Cresson & Coalport railroad.

The party returned to Ebensburg, where they were greeted by their wives, families and sweethearts with general rejoicing. It would be out of place to mention individual acts of heroism where all behaved so nobly, but we have no doubt that when the history of the labor riots in this country comes to be written that several of our citizens will be honorably mentioned.

That the Italians did wrong in interfering with the train is certain, but farther than that they committed no acts of violence to any of the trainmen, destroyed no property, and even assisted in carrying water for the engine while the train was standing there. That they have been more sinned against than sinning was the opinion of every person on the ground, and if they were paid what is justly and honestly due them so that they would be able to live, or buy food if they remained, there would be no more trouble. The railroad company claims to have paid Contractor Freeland, who had sub-let the contract to an Italian named Val Vola, whom Mr. Freeland claims he has paid. There has been trouble on the road about pay from the time the line was run by the surveyors to the present time, quite a number of the men who worked on the survey having never yet received their pay. Six of seven miles of the road were graded about a year ago, when the contractor skipped without paying, and the men at the finish seem to be following in the same footsteps.

DEATH'S DOINGS.

A. S. RATHBONE.

Mr. A. S. Rathbone died at his residence in Jackson township, on Thursday of last week, in the 75th year of his age. The deceased, who was a native of the interior of the State of New York, came to Jackson township about thirteen years ago and carried on farming and lumbering. The writer of this, who knew him quite well, esteemed Mr. Rathbone as one of the most intelligent gentlemen of his acquaintance, and often listened to his reminiscences of Silas Wright, William H. Seward, Dean Richmond and other old-time New York politicians, with whose personal history he was perfectly familiar. Mr. Rathbone was a Democrat of the Andrew Jackson school, was a gentleman in all his conduct, and commanded the respect of all who knew him. He is survived by his wife, who is much younger than her husband, and a lady of rare intelligence. They never had any children.

MARTHA J. ROSE.

Mrs. Martha J. Rose, wife of Mr. Wesley J. Rose, of Johnstown, died in that place on yesterday week, aged 60 years. Her illness was of long duration and was attended with a complication of maladies. The deceased was a daughter of Robert Given, an ex Associate Judge of Westmoreland county, who died at his residence near Greensburg, a few years ago. Mrs. Rose was universally respected and beloved by all who knew her, and her death has caused a sincere feeling of sorrow in Johnstown. Her husband and nine children survive her, among the latter being Harry G. Rose, Esq., the present District Attorney, and his brother, John M. Rose, Esq., who is also a member of this bar of this county.

THOMAS M'CABE.

Mr. Thomas McCabe, Sr., died at his residence in East Conemaugh, on Sunday last, in the 80th year of his age. He came to Johnstown from Ireland in 1835. He was a stone cutter by trade, but did not long follow the business. In time he acquired property in Johnstown which he sold for $13,000 and moved to East Conemaugh, where he resided until his death. The deceased was one of the kindest and best hearted of men, was universally respected, and died without an enemy. He was twice married and leaves a large number of children, most of whom are married. He was a devoted Catholic and had the sacraments of the Church administered to him before his death. May his soul rest in peace.

SCHOOL MATTERS.

The Joint Institute of Clearfield, Cambria and Indiana Counties, convened in the Methodist church at Cherrytree, on Friday evening, January 29th. The Institute continued until the Saturday evening, and the program, as prepared by the committee, was fully carried out. The exercises were interesting and profitable, a large number of teachers from the three counties being present. On Saturday evening County Superintendents Savage, of Clearfield, Cochran, of Indiana, and Strayer, of Cambria, each delivered an address before the Institute. The teachers and friends of education present voted unanimously to hold an annual joint Institute in the future.

Misses Mary Krise and Katie Wilmore, two Chest township teachers, have resigned their schools, and Mr. J. M. McNane, of Coalport, and Lester Larimer, of Ebensburg, have been selected to take charge of the schools for the remainder of the term.

County Superintendent Strayer has visited upward of two hundred schools up to the present time, besides attending local Institutes during each week since the County Institute.

A number of districts are holding local Institutes every other Saturday, and the most prominent and progressive teachers attend and take part in these meetings.

MEETING AT LORETTO.

The following is the program of the Institute to be held at Loretto, on Saturday, February 13th:

What to teach and how to teach it.—E. J. Parrish.

Variety in school work.—M. D. Bearer.

Wrong methods and how to correct them.—T. J. Itel.

How far are parents responsible for the progress of pupils at school?—B. A. Thomas.

Class drill—Superintendent Strayer.

How to teach fractions and compound proportion.—Prof. J. W. Leech.

Best methods of teaching spelling.—Olive Topper.

What is the object of supplementary reading?—H. G. Kaylor.

How far are Directors responsible for the success of their schools?—W. A. B. Little and John Lynch.

Teachers are requested to come prepared to discuss the questions on above program and also to take part in select readings. Friends and patrons are cordially invited to attend. The meeting will organize at 10 A. M. PROGRAM COMMITTEE.

Never Give Up.

If you are suffering with low and depressed spirits, loss of appetite, general debility, disordered blood, weak constitution, headache, or any disease of a bilious nature, by all means procure a bottle of Electric Bitters. You will be surprised at the rapid improvement that will follow; you will be inspired with new life; strength and activity will return; pain and misery will cease and henceforth you will rejoice in the praise of Electric Bitters. Sold at fifty cents a bottle by E. James.

There must be an open road between the food we eat and the substance of which our bodies are composed. If the road is clogged we sicken, faint and die. Tutt's Pills open up of the organs of digestion and assimilation. Of these the stomach and liver are chief. Most people have had more or less experience of the horrors of constipation. Prevent it and all its fearful sequences by using Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy. It is the first step that costs.

HYMENEAL.

JAMES—JONES.—Married, at the residence of the bride's parents, in the East ward, Ebensburg, on Wednesday, Feb. 3, 1886, by Rev. Mr. James, of Baltimore, a brother of the groom, Mr. H. J. James, of Kane, and Miss Lizzie M. Jones, of Ebensburg.

The groom is a young citizen of Kane, McKean county, whose parents at one time were residents of this place, and stands high in that community as an enterprising business man, while the bride, a daughter of Mr. Thomas L. Jones, of this place, is a most estimable young lady, who will perform her duties in their journey through life with devotion, and prove a helpmeet worthy and deserving of a good husband's affection. After the ceremony was performed the young couple took their departure on the 3 P. M. train for an extended wedding tour, but before leaving did not forget to kindly remember the printer. May success and happiness attend them through life.

Piles—All file stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free to fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Sheriff's Sales.

BY virtue of sundry writs of *Fieri Facias, Alias Fieri Facias, Plurius Fieri Facias Venditioni Exponas, Levari Facias* and *Testatum Fieri Facias*, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria County, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in Ebensburg, Pa., on

MONDAY, MARCH 1, 1886.

AT ONE O'CLOCK, P. M., the following described Real Estate, to wit:

All the right, title and interest of J. B. Gifford, of, in and to all that certain tract of land, situate in the township of Reade, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining the lands of Patrick Kelly, Patrick Strand and Bell & Gwin tract, containing 433 acres, more or less, surveyed in the name of Patrick Boreland, the said J. B. Gifford owning one undivided half interest in said land. Unimproved. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of A. F. Osterloh.

Also, All the right, title and interest of Mrs. E. M. Waite, of, in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land, situate in the village of Elwoodville, Reade township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining land of John H. McDonald, on the south, township road on the east and land of Hall heirs on the north and west, containing about four acres and having thereon erected a two-story Plank House and Plank Stable, now in the occupancy of David Bloomfield. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of S. I. Fries.

Also, All the right, title and interest of A. T. Pringle, of, in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land situate in Blacklick township, Cambria county, Pa., bounded by land of John Ferguson, Amos Rowland, David Davis, Peter Wagner, Robert Ferguson and Isaac Windberger, containing 120 acres and 138 perches and allowances.

Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of [illegible] & Co. for use of Peter Dunwald.

Also, All the right, title and interest of Francis Wagner, of, in and to all that certain lot of ground, situate in the township of Reade, Cambria county, Pa., bounded on the east by land of [illegible] Government; on the west by Clearfield Creek and on the north and south by land of Joseph Van Ormer, containing one acre, more or less, and having thereon erected a steam saw mill. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Wm. H. Sechler, one of the executors of John Wagner, dec'd, for use of minor children of Augustine D. Wills, dec'd.

Also, All the right, title and interest of Albert Bender, of, in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land situate in Clearfield township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of Augustine Shoffer on the south, by lands of W. J. Rhoads on the east and on the west by land of Bernard Fye, containing 76 acres, more or less, about 50 acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a two-story house and frame barn, now in the occupancy of Albert Ivory. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Equitable Loan and Building Association of Altoona.

Also, All the right title and interest of Michl Brickner, of, in and to all that certain lot of ground situate in the borough of Gallitzin, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on Main street on the east and running back to an alley on the west, adjoining lot of P. N. Burke on the south and lot of Mr. Clough Bilger on the north, having thereon erected a two-story plank house and plank stable and other outbuildings, now in the occupancy of James H. Shanley. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Joseph Degenhard.

Also, All the right, title and interest of Wm. Donahoe, of, in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the borough of Gallitzin, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of Michael Brawley, dec'd, Bernard Bigler and Levi Geiger, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a post, thence north 114 rods to a beech, thence south 19 degrees, west 108 rods to a post, thence south 12 degrees, east 126 rods to a post, thence south 79 degrees, east 125 rods to the place of beginning, containing 151½ acres, more or less about 22 acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a two-story plank house and plank barn, now in the occupancy of Alfred Emigh. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Caron Leahey.

Also, All the right, title and interest of E. W. Reed, of, in and to all that certain piece or lot of ground situate in the borough of Gallitzin, Cambria county, Pa., bounded on the west by lot of Joseph Hogue, on the north by an alley, on the east by lot of Mrs. Crum and on the south by a forty foot street, having thereon erected a building, said building being a two story plank house, having a front of twenty eight feet and a depth of eighteen feet. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of H. K. McMullen for use of John A. McMullen.

Also, All the right, title and interest of Patrick R. Kelly, of, in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the township of Blacklick, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of John Nagle on the east, Joseph Cooper on the north, Peter Wagner and others on the south and containing 50 acres, about 25 acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a one and a half story frame house and log barn, now in the occupancy of P. R. Kelly. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of A. J. Ames.

Also, All the right, title and interest of Daniel Evans, of, in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the township of Allegheny, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of Thomas Evans, Evan Evans, Thomas Jones and others, containing 100 acres, more or less, about 75 acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a one and a half story frame house and log barn, now in the occupancy of Daniel Evans. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Mrs. E. D. Kemp.

Also, All the right, title and interest of Alexander Miller, of, in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the township of Richland, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining land of Adam Folmer on the north, Jacob Ickes and Jacob Gutman, deceased, and of U. Fisher, deceased on the west, Nicholas Hoon on the south and Dan'l Leonard on the east, containing 112 acres, about 50 acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a log house, bank barn and other outbuildings, now in the occupancy of Alex. Miller. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of the Kittanning Insurance Co.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-third of the purchase money to be paid when the property is knocked down and the remaining two-thirds at the confirmation of the deed.

JOSEPH A. GRAY, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ebensburg, Feb. 2, 1886.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, The Hon. Robert L. Johnston, President of the Court of Common Pleas of the 24th Judicial District, consisting of the County of Cambria and the Hon. John P. Linn and the Hon. Joseph Masters, Associate Judges of Cambria county, having issued their precept, bearing date the 7th day of September, 1885, to me directed, for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in Ebensburg, for the County of Cambria, and commencing on the first Monday of March, being the first day of March, 1886, and to continue two weeks.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, Aldermen and Constables of the County of Cambria, that they be then and there in their proper persons at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, with their rolls, inquisitions, examinations and their own remembrances, to those things which to their offices appertain to be done, and those who are bound in recognizances to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of Cambria County, to then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Given under my hand at Ebensburg the 1st day of February, in the year of our Lord 1886 and the one hundred and tenth year of the Independence of the United States.

JOSEPH A. GRAY, Sheriff.

Ebensburg, Feb. 2, 1886.-4t.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE

—OF—

Valuable Real Estate

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Cambria County, the undersigned, Trustee to sell the Real Estate of John Sing, late of Conemaugh township, deceased, in proceedings in Partition, will expose to sale at public outcry, on the premises, on

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1886,

AT 2 O'CLOCK, P. M.,

The following described property, in Croyle township, Cambria county:

Bounded on the north by lands of Jacob Sing and George Skelly, on the east by lands of Michl Skelly and Joseph Knepper, on the south by lands of Joseph Neely and Charles Diamond, on the west by lands of Peter McClarren, containing

Eighty-Six Acres and One Hundred and Thirty-Nine Perches, More or Less.

TERMS OF SALE.—One half of the purchase money at the confirmation of the sale, and the remainder in one year thereafter with interest, the same to be secured by judgement note or by bond and mortgage as the Trustee may elect.

JOHN ROBABAUGH, Trustee.

Croyle township, Jan. 22, 1886-3t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—In the matter of the rule to show cause why an order of sale should not be granted to Samuel Clark, Executor of Sarah Hannah Brown, deceased, for the payment of debts.

Having been appointed Auditor by the Orphans' Court of Cambria County to investigate the facts in the case, to ascertain the amount of legal claims against said estate, and to report upon the expediency of granting the application, notice is hereby given that I will sit at my office, in Ebensburg, on *Tuesday, February 23, 1886, at 10 o'clock*, A. M., to discharge the duties of said appointment, at which time and place all persons interested may attend if they see proper.

M. D. KITTELL, Auditor.

Ebensburg, Pa., Jan. 29, 1886-3t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—In the matter of the first and final account of E. J. Parrish, Administrator, &c., of the Estate of Wm. O. Brown, late of Gallitzin borough, deceased.

The undersigned, having been appointed Auditor by the Orphans' Court of Cambria County, Pa., to make distribution of the fund in the hands of said administrator, hereby gives notice that he will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in Ebensburg, Cambria county, Pa., on Saturday, February 27, 1886, at 10 o'clock, A. M., of said day, when and where all persons interested may attend, or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund.

H. H. MYERS, Auditor.

Ebensburg, Pa., Jan. 29, 1886-3t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of Administration upon the estate of Asa H. Fiske, late of Whitetownship, Cambria county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN H. FISKE, Administrator.

Fiske P. O., Jan. 29, 1886.-6t.

Sheriff's Sales.

BY virtue of sundry writs of *Fieri Facias, Alias Fieri Facias, Pluries Fieri Facias, Venditioni Exponas* and *Writs of Testatum Fieri Facias*, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, Pa., and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Mansion House in Johnstown, Pa., on

SATURDAY, FEB. 27, 1886,

AT ONE O'CLOCK, P. M., the following described Real Estate, to wit:

All the right, title and interest of Samuel B. Eldridge, of, in and to all that certain lot of ground situate in the borough of Woodvale, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on Maple avenue and running back to Railroad alley, having Third street on the west and lot of John Reeder on the east, having thereon erected a two-story frame house, frame stable, ice house and other outbuildings, now in the occupancy of Samuel B. Eldridge. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Evan B. Evans, John R. Clark, George Gillinger and Thomas Robinson.

Also, All the right, title and interest of W. H. Umbenagh, of, in and to all that certain lot of ground situate in the township of Stonycreek, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on the township road on the south and running back to an alley, adjoining lot of Jacob Jacoby on the west and lot of Henry Younker on the east, having thereon erected a two-story frame house and outbuildings, now in the occupancy of W. H. Umbenagh. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Levi Jacoby.

Also, All the right, title and interest of Joshua Oldham, of, in and to all that certain lot of ground situate in the township of Stonycreek, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on the Bedford Road on the south, running back to an alley on the east, having an alley on the north and lot of John Fraser on the north, having thereon erected a two-story frame house, frame stable and outbuildings. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Paul McCreary for use of Eliza Jane Oldham, executrix of Samuel Oldham, dec'd.

Also, All the right, title and interest of Daniel Fye, of, in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the township of Adams, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of John Fye, Jacob Weakland, Daniel Wertz and John Maffeit, containing 58 acres, more or less, about 45 acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a one and a half story log house, frame stable and other outbuildings, now in the occupancy of John Maffeit. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of John Smay and Daniel Fye.

Also, All the right, title and interest of John Maffeit, dec'd, of, in and to all that certain lot of ground situate in the township of Adams, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of Daniel Fye, Jacob Weakland, Daniel Wertz and others, containing 58 acres, more or less, about 45 acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a plank stable, water saw mill and a one story tollhouse, now in the occupancy of Daniel Fye. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Mrs. E. D. Kemp.

Also, All the right, title and interest of Alexander Miller, of, in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the township of Richland, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining land of Adam Folmer on the north, Jacob Ickes and Jacob Gutman, deceased, and of U. Fisher, deceased on the west, Nicholas Hoon on the south and Dan'l Leonard on the east, containing 112 acres, about 50 acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a log house, bank barn and other outbuildings, now in the occupancy of Alex. Miller. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of the Kittanning Insurance Co.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-third of the purchase money to be paid when the property is knocked down and the remaining two-thirds at the confirmation of the deed.

JOSEPH A. GRAY, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ebensburg, Feb. 2, 1886.

TRIAL LIST.—Following is the list of causes set down for trial at the March term of Court—second week:

Weakland ..... vs. ..... Van Aken
Stauffer ..... vs. ..... Pickworth
Goldsborough's Ex'r ..... vs. ..... Zane
Patterson, D'Sn & Co. ..... vs. ..... Glenn
Bucks ..... vs. ..... Solit
O'Neill ..... vs. ..... Kelly
Ex'rs of C. Myers ..... vs. ..... Martin
Anderson ..... vs. ..... Owen
Moorehead ..... vs. ..... Wingard
Bennett ..... vs. ..... Boring et al
Strayer et al ..... vs. ..... Fleming et al
Patterson ..... vs. ..... Brown
Chesterfield ..... vs. ..... Rager
Same ..... vs. ..... Same
Gramlin ..... vs. ..... Richards
McKnight ..... vs. ..... Watt et al
Portsmouth ..... vs. ..... Bracken
Brady ..... vs. ..... McGarvey et al
Burns et al ..... vs. ..... Pa. R. R. Co
Hillegas ..... vs. ..... Rogers
Shoemaker ..... vs. ..... U. C. Co. & N. Y. S. R. R. Co.
Johnston ..... vs. ..... Trefts
Mitchell & Co ..... vs. ..... Freeland & Co.
Guyan & Bay ..... vs. ..... Same

H. A. SHOEMAKER, Prothonotary.

Prothy's Office, Ebensburg, Feb. 1, 1886.

NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the following accounts have been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria County, Pa., and will be confirmed by said Court on the *first Monday of March, 1886*, unless exceptions be shown to the contrary:

First and partial account of John O. Noel, Administrator of William Noel, dec'd.

Second and final account of Michael Bradley, Assignee

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"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

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have stood for 30 years the Standard Remedy for the cure of *Liver Complaint, Constipation, Sick Headache*, and all derangements of the Liver. Send for pamphlet. I can recommend Sellers' Liver Pills. They have saved me from a dozen doctor's bills.—Thos. Adams, Big Sandy, Kentucky. Price 25c. a box. Sold by druggists and country merchants. E. E. SELLERS & CO., Proprietors, Pittsburgh, Pa.

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SYMPTOMS OF A TORPID LIVER.

Loss of appetite, Bowels costive, Pain in the head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the shoulder-blade, Fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, Headache over the right eye, Restlessness, with fitful dreams, Highly colored Urine, and

CONSTIPATION.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer. They Increase the Appetite, and cause the body to Take on Flesh, thus the system is nourished, and by their Tonic Action on the Digestive Organs, Regular Stools are produced. Price 25c. 44 Murray St., N.Y.

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GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. It imparts a natural color, acts instantaneously. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1. Office, 44 Murray St., New York.

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Sample Pair mailed free for $1.00

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The most Durable, Comfortable, and Healthful Corset ever sold for its price.

Every pair warranted to give satisfaction or money returned.

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CARDS SAMPLE PACK Beveled Edge Scrap Concealed name Cards, 4 sets, Grab Case, Agt's Outfit, 10c. Clintonville, Conn.

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DIER'S HAIR BALSAM

AGRICULTURAL NOTES.

Items Relating to Farm, Live Stock, Orchard, Garden and Lawn.

Sow single petunias.

Corn is warming food.

Cold air is not always pure.

Trim out the small sappy shoots.

Offer a little clover hay to the pigs.

Poinsettias look like fire brands now.

Flowers are the smiles of the Creator.

The root pits may now need an extra coat.

The darker parts of tree roots never lengthen.

The mountains are in fashion; they are clad in firs.

The women have no business with milking in the winter time.

Single primroses are finer, as vase flowers, than double ones.

Cruelty to animals—driving horses with smooth shoes on icy roads.

This inactive season on the farm is a good time to plan improvements.

The health of animals, as well as human beings, is easier retained by good care than regained when lost.

It costs nothing to strew the icy walks lightly with ashes; the act may save expensive doctors bills for setting broken limbs.

There is but little doubt that fully one-quarter of the corn fed to fattening hogs is wasted by feeding it in muddy yards or lots or open pens.

Because wax plants seem to stand it well in the dark parts of a room, do not expect them to do much at flowering next summer if wintered here away from the light.

It may not be known that the radish possesses some gentle medicinal virtues. The part that is eaten is both demulcent and and stimulating in character. It is worth knowing that the juice mixed with granulated sugar is a popular and useful German remedy for hoarseness and cold.

A German experimenter has found that soil covered with living herbage or dead vegetable matter is colder in summer and warmer in winter than bare soil under otherwise similar conditions. The difference in temperature is greater in summer and least in spring and autumn. Bare soil heats more quickly in the spring and cools more quickly in the autumn than that covered with living or dead vegetable matter.

With the increasing length of the days, rooting slips and afterwards potting them will be much engaged in.—Those who pot up slips for the first time, usually manage to fill the pots even full of soil at the first effort, but not often afterwards. They seon see, or ought to, that the water afterwards applied will not disobey the laws of nature, even for a novice, by staying in the soil for soaking in, unless the pot rim or something is there to hold it.

The water supply is always a very important matter everywhere, and no less on farms than in the cities. No doubt the very best way of securing pure water on the average farm is to gather it from the house roofs into capacious cisterns, first filtering it to remove impurities. In some parts of the west the practice of storing rain water for general use in cisterns is quite common, and the cisterns are made large and deep to insure cold water in summer.

The Kieffer pear, a much-praised fruit which has been sold in recent years, has now been weighed and found utterly wanting. It's tender in winter and blights badly in summer, while the fruit of autumn—fair looking as it is—is of a flavor that would lead no one to want it to eat a second time. More trees of it are perhaps cut down now every year than are being planted. So much for another of the new and highly lauded sorts, that turn out to be unworthy. Farmers, stick to the well tested sorts, and leave new ones severely alone. I's the safe rule.

One cannot but wonder at the stupidity of some men who, while lamenting the smallness of the manure yield, will yet allow streams of liquid manure—the very essence of good manure—to pass from the stables into the streams and to waste. The loss through this kind of management must be equivalent to millions of dollars every year. No system of stables is complete without an arrangement of gutters and manure cistern to save all the liquids voided. The only fair substitute is absorption by the use of dry earth in connection with other bedding.

When the ground is frozen or covered with ice and snow chickens do not like the prospect of quitting their sheltered quarters. It is very important, therefore, that these be sufficiently ventilated in the day time in mild weather, and closely secured at night and on stormy days. Overcrowding is often a fault also; fowls can stand more of this now than at some other seasons, but we should never so limit them that they will be obliged to huddle together too closely either by day or by night. Keep the house clean. Supply a warm meal at least once a day, with some green food as often. Have a good dust bath, if it's nothing more than coal ashes, adding a little powdered sulphur.—Such treatment will reward you with eggs, when they are eggs.

A word to men folks: Now that the trying winter season is on hand, and with it an increase of labor, to the housekeeper, usually, while your work may be less, will you not help along some in their department? See to it that the heating is well furnished in fuel and kindling right along—let the wife be relieved of any cares in this matter. Provide good utensils, and if need be, muscle, sometimes, for keeping draughts clear of clinkers, and the pipes and chimneys in order. Free burning fires are wonderfully cheering to home life in winter, and promotive of happiness all around. Then the snow shovel is out of place in a woman's hands if there be a man about who has the time to handle it, as there usually is; few men are so situated but that they can keep the walks and steps clean of snow every day in winter. This suggestion might seem uncalled for were it not that the writer knows cases where women clean the walks and men are idle. Let the men be up and doing.

"I Have Suffered!"

With every disease imaginable for the last three years. Our Druggist, T. J. Anderson, recommending "Hop Bitters" to me, I used two bottles! Am entirely cured, and heartily recommend Hop Bitters to every one. J. D. Walker, Buckner, Mo.

I write this as a Token of the great appreciation I have of your Hop * * * Bitters. I was afflicted With inflammatory rheumatism!!! For nearly Seven years, and no medicine seemed to do me any Good!!! Until I tried two bottles of your Hop Bitters, and to my surprise I am as well to-day as ever I was. I hope "You may have abundant success" "In this great and" Valuable medicine: Anyone! * * wishing to know more about my cure? Can learn by addressing me, E. M. Williams, 1103 16th street, Washington, D. C.

——I consider your Remedy the best remedy in existence For Indigestion, Kidney —*Complaint* "And nervous debility. I have just" Returned "From the south in a fruitless search for health, and find that your Bitters are doing me more Good! Than anything else; A month ago I was extremely "Emaciated!!!" And scarcely able to walk. Now I am Gaining strength! and "Flesh!" And hardly a day passes but what I am * * * * * * * complimented on my improved appearance, and it is all due to Hop Bitters! J. Wickliffe Jackson, —*Wilmington, Del.*

☞ None genuine without a bunch of green Hops on the white label. Shun all the vile, poisonous stuff with "Hop" or "Hops" in their name

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HOME INDUSTRY.

The attention of buyers is respectfully invited to my large stock of

ELEGANT FURNITURE,

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Parlor and Chamber Suits,

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CHAIRS, CUPBOARDS, SINKS,

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FURNITURE!

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LOUNGES, BEDSTEADS,

TABLES, CHAIRS,

Mattresses, &c.,

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Between 16th and 17th Sts.,

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Altoona, April 16, 1880.-tf.

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FIRE INSURANCE COMP'NY

OF EBENSBURG, PA.

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Only 7 Assessments in 28 Years.

Good FARM PROPERTIES

ESPECIALLY DESIRED.

NO STEAM RISKS TAKEN.

GEO. M. READE, President.

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Johnston, Buck & Co.,

BANKERS,

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AT ALL ACCESSIBLE POINTS.

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V. LUTTRINGER.

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General Insurance Agent!

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ÆTNA,

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A treatment of diseases of Horses, Cattle, Hogs and Sheep; record of best herds; how to train them, &c. *Thousands sold in the West. No farmer can afford to be without it.* ROBERT DENNER SAYS: "It is the best work of the kind I ever saw." Price: cloth, $5; leather, $5.75. Sent prepaid. Agents Wanted. Exclusive Territory Given. Knickerbocker Subscription Agency, P. O. Box 830. 132 Nassau St., New York.

Helpless Upon a Friendless Sea!

Who, in taking passage in a great trans-Atlantic steamer, does not feel a thrill of exultation over her magnificent power. Against her the Storm King may hurl his elemental forces, nor pierce her armor, nor stop her onward course.

But let me describe a scene when, one morning in mid-ocean, there came an alarm from the pilot house followed by a cry: "The ship's rudder is lost!" From the confident expression, consternation came to every face. The wheelman being helpless to direct her course, the vessel was at the mercy of wind and wave.

The captain had been negligent—the hangings of the rudder were allowed to wear weak, and suddenly it had dropped deep into the sea!

Strong in intellect, in physical vigor, in energy and ambition, man confronts, undaunted, gigantic [illegible] and commands applause for his [illegible] cent excitements. But, all unwa[illegible]ly, an alarm come—the rudder of [illegible] constitution is gone. He has been careless [illegible] its preservation; mental strain, [illegible] achievements, irregular habits, [illegible] work, have destroyed the action of his kidneys and liver. This would not occur were Warner's safe cure used to maintain vigor. And even now it may restore vitality to those organs and give back to the man that which will lead him to the haven of his ambition.—*The Traveler.*

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, New York City.

HUNT'S KIDNEY & LIVER REMEDY NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL

Lots of People Say, *"OH MY BACK."*

Here is Solid A 1 TESTIMONY from Hard Working Men.

Machinist and Builder.

"I have been troubled years with kidney and bladder difficulty. After using four bottles of HUNT'S [Kidney and Liver] REMEDY I have been completely cured."—William C. Clark, Mason and Builder, Auburn, N. Y.

* * * "Health is better than wealth." * * *

Machinist.

Mr. George Karg, Machinist, 1138 Ridge Ave., Philadelphia, Pa., says:—"My disease started when I was quite a young lad by having weak kidneys. I have used just six bottles of HUNT'S [Kidney and Liver] REMEDY, and I solemnly proclaim, 'I feel like a new man.'"

* * * "Good counsel has no price, obey it." * * *

Mechanic.

Mr. Henry Williams, Mechanic, East Bridgeport, Conn., says:—"About two months ago I caught a heavy cold, which settled in my kidneys. I got a bottle of HUNT'S [Kidney and Liver] REMEDY and with the first dose began to get well."

* * * "Light suppers makes long lives." * * *

Railroad Man.

Frank B. Lee, office N. Y. C. & H. R. R. Little Falls, N. Y., June 8, 1883, says: "My father, 62 years old, had severe kidney and bladder disease for 30 years, urination causing acute pain. The weakness was so great he was obliged to wear a rubber bag. Twelve bottles of HUNT'S Kidney Remedy completely cured him, and we consider it remarkable. We cheerfully recommend it."

* * * "Deeds are better than words." * * *

HUNT'S [Kidney and Liver] REMEDY has stood the test of time. It has been before the public for twenty years, and has cured every year thousands of people suffering from various diseases of the Kidneys and Liver, and kindred disorders, who had failed to get relief from doctors and who expected never to be cured. Thousands of testimonials from such persons attest its value. Send for book.

* * * "All's well that ends well." * * *

Sold by all druggists. Price $1.25. 9

HUNT'S REMEDY CO., Providence, R. I.

C. N. CRITTENTON, General Agent, N. Y.

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500 farms, 30 to 10,000 acres at $3 to $25 per acre. Good markets. Healthy climate. Favorable prospects. Write for circulars containing description. Sent free. FYLE & DeHAVEN, REAL ESTATE AGENTS, Petersburg, Va.

SCIENTIFIC MISCELLANY.

Items Which Will Prove of Interest to Our Readers.

An electrical furnace for reducing refractory ores has been devised by Prof. T. Sterry Hunt, the eminent Canadian physicist.

A Belgian treats textile fabrics with an alcoholic solution of the green tar of the birch, which he expects to render them almost indestructible.

Muller, a German chemist, has fed animals ten weeks with dry and with steeped un-ground Indian corn. The former showed an average increase in weight of ten pounds more than the latter.

By the use of gold coated selenium plates, Mr. C. E. Fritts expects to accomplish the important object of converting the greater part of the energy of light into electrical energy, which may again be transformed into light as required.

An English physician, Dr. Evans, has recorded what is probably the greatest fall ever survived by a human being—the case being that of a girl who, on May 8, 1885, jumped from a bridge 250 feet high, and was convalescent and free from pain twenty days thereafter.

From studies in Sicily Drs. Buchner and Emmerich find evidence that the occurrence of cholera has some connection with the soil, and that it makes its way into the system through the lungs rather than through the alimentary canal.

The interesting discovery has been made in Switzerland of a bright green moss growing on calcareous rocks two hundred feet below the surface of Lake Leman. No other moss has been known so far under water, and how chlorophyl—the green coloring matter—could have been so richly developed in a place so remote from the light is a problem.

A French writer has described a curious phenomenon observed in a very intelligent parrot, the bird's eyes invariably becoming red by the contraction of the iris on the appearance of a little boy for whom an extraordinary affection had been acquired. Flashes of red appear in moments of anger, but the noticeably lasting effect is only produced by the joy of this particular child's presence.

The the theory that abnormally brilliant skies, like those of recent years, are due to volcanic dust or vapors, appears to be not a new one. Attention has now been called to Danish records which mention remarkable sky glows in 1636 and again in 1783, in each case the effects being at the time attributed to emissions from the great volcanic eruptions which had taken place in Iceland.

An interesting experiment, showing the influence of electricity on the growth of roots, has been made in Germany by Prof. Holdefiess. Plates of copper were thrust upright into the earth and connected with wire to similarly placed zinc plates 100 feet distant—an electric battery being thus formed, with the earth between the copper and zinc in the circuit. Both potatoes and beets planted within this circuit gave an increase—beets 15 per cent. and potatoes 25 per cent.—as compared with other parts of the same field.

Certain insects seem to possess the remarkable and little understood "electric" power of the electric eel. General Davis, of the British army, received a shock from a wheel-bug that paralyzed his arm for a considerable time, red marks being left on his hand as the imprints of the insect's feet. This peculiarity is also mentioned by Kirby and Spence, and other naturalists have received shocks from some of these lumin-beetles. Such a shock was given by an unknown caterpillar picked up by Capt. Blakeney that his entire right side was paralyzed, and he was dangerously ill for a long time.

Mr. Grant Allen remarks that the helplessness and awkwardness of fish out of water have been much exaggerated by the thoughtless generalizations of unscientific humanity. While most fish may prefer the water, many of them cut a better figure on dry land than their critics themselves would in mid ocean. There are fish that wriggle across country intrepidly with all the dexterity of the most accomplished snakes; fish that walk about on open sand banks, semi-erect on two legs, as easily as lizards; fish that hop and skip on tail and fins in a manner that the celebrated jumping frog himself might envy; and fish that fly through the air with a grace and swiftness that would put to shame hosts of their feathered competitors. There are even fish, like some kinds of eels and the African mud fish, that scarcely live in the water at all, but merely frequent wet, marshy places, where they lie snugly in the soft ooze and damp earth that line the bottom.

The first appearance of cold waves within the territory of the U. S. Signal Service is nearly always at Helena, Montana, according to Lieut. T. Woodruff, their place of origin probably being the vast regions of snow and ice near the Arctic Circle. From Helena they generally reach Omaha in from 8 to 16 hours, distance being 880 miles; St. Louis 24 to 32 hours, distance, 1030 miles; Galveston, 34 to 40 hours, distance, 1,600 miles; Nashville the same; Buffalo 24 to 48 hours, distance, 1750 miles; Washington, 32 to 56 hours, distance 1953 miles. The waves are found to follow areas of low pressure and to precede areas of high pressure. They move in different ways: first, directly eastward over the great lakes and across New England, not being felt south of the Ohio Valley; second, southeasterly, covering the entire country in their progress; sotherly from Montana and Dakota to Texas, and thence through the Gulf States, and finally northeastward over the Atlantic States, such waves sometimes being felt at St. Louis and Shreveport before St. Paul and Chicago. The number of waves belonging to the three classes during the years 1881 to 1884 was 22, 47 and 19.

Buckien's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. For sale by E. James.

"Rough on Rats."

clears out rats, mice, roaches, flies, ants, bed bugs.

Heart Pains.

Palpitation, dropsical swellings, dizziness, indigestion, headache, sleeplessness cured by Wells' Health Renewer.

"Rough on Corns."

Ask for Wells' "Rough on Corns." 15c. Quick complete cure. Hard or soft corns, warts, bunions.

"Buchu-Paiba."

Quick, complete cure, all kidney, bladder and urinary diseases, scalding, irritation, stone, gravel, catarrh of the bladder. $1, druggists.

Bed-Bugs, Flies.

Flies, roaches, ants, bed-bugs, rats, mice, gophers, chipmunks, cleared out by "Rough on Rats." 15c.

Thin People

"Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures dyspepsia, impotence, sexual debility. $1.

"Rough on Pain."

Cures cholera, colic, cramps, diarrhœa, aches, pains, sprains, headache, neuralgia, rheumatism. 25c. Rough on Pain Plasters, 15c.

Mothers.

If you are failing, broken, worn out and nervous, use "Well's Health Renewer." $1. Druggists.

Life Preserver.

If you are losing your grip on life, try "Wells' Health Renewer." Goes direct to weak spots.

"Rough on Piles."

Cures piles or hemorrhoids, itching, protruding, bleeding, internal or other. Internal and external remedy in each package. Sure cure, 50c. Druggists.

Pretty Women.

Ladies who would retain freshness and vivacity, don't fail to try "Well's Health Renewer."

"Rough on Itch."

"Rough on Itch" cures humors, eruptions, ringworm, tetter, salt rheum, frosted feet, chilblains.

"Rough on Catarrh."

Corrects offensive odors at once. Complete cure of worst chronic, also unequaled as gargle for diphtheria, sore throat, foul breath. 50c.

The Hope of the Nation.

Children, slow in development, puny, scrawny and delicate use "Wells' Health Renewer."

Catarrh of the Bladder.

Stinging, irritation, inflammation, all kidney and urinary complaints cured by "Buchu-Paiba." $1.

"Water Bugs, Roaches."

"Rough on Rats" clears them out, also beetles ants.

1886. 1886.

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